

Begin December 7, 1961

30.24-2455

A7OKX (BJT)  
AMS BJT (500)

3-74  
PEARL HARBOR, HAWAII, DEC. 7 (AP)--OVER THE WATERY TOMB WHICH WAS THE SCENE OF JAPAN'S SNEAK ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR 20 YEARS AGO, THE COMMANDER OF THE U.S. PACIFIC FLEET WARNED AMERICA TODAY TO KEEP STRONG AGAINST "HOSTILE FORCES."

ADM. JOHN H. SIDES, SPOKE TO A GROUP HUDDLED ABOVE THE SUNKEN HULK OF THE BATTLESHIP USS ARIZONA. HE CALLED ON THE NATION TO BE READY "TO DEFEND THE FREEDOMS ... FOR WHICH THESE MEN FOUGHT AND DIED." HIS ROSTRUM WAS A PLATFORM ASTRIDE THE GRAVE OF 1,102 MEN BURNED TO DEATH OR DROWNED IN THE FIRST FEW MINUTES OF THE ATTACK A GENERATION AGO. THE CEREMONY MARKED THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ATTACK. THE USUALLY BUSTLING HARBOR WAS STILL AS THE CLEAR, STRONG TONES OF A NAVY BUGLE SOUNDED COLORS AT 7:55 A.M. HST--THE INSTANT WHEN THE FIRST BOMB FELL ON THE HARBOR.

A PROCESSION OF DIGNITARIES MOUNTED THE WALKWAY TO THE ARIZONA'S PLATFORM BESIDE FORD ISLAND IN THE MIDDLE OF THE HARBOR.

"IN THIS MISSILE AND THERMONUCLEAR AGE, IT WOULD BE FOOLHARDY INDEED TO ASSUME THAT SURPRISE ATTACK WILL NEVER BE A POSSIBILITY," SAID ADM. SIDES.

"THE LESSONS LEARNED ARE RECORDED IN BLOOD.

"HOSTILE FORCES ARE CONSTANTLY AT WORK, PROBING OUR STRENGTH AND TESTING OUR RESOLVE. THE OUTLOOK IS THE SAME FOR THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE ... WE MUST BE PREPARED TO MEET THE CHALLENGE."

TAKING PART IN THE MEMORIAL TRIBUTE WERE MILITARY LEADERS, CONGRESSMEN, AND REPRESENTATIVES OF VETERANS ORGANIZATIONS, INCLUDING 108 PEARL HARBOR RAID SURVIVORS FROM NEW ENGLAND.

SIXTY GOLD STAR MOTHERS, MANY OF WHOSE SONS DIED ON THE ARIZONA, ALSO WERE HERE.

MOST OF THE NEW ENGLAND VETERANS AND GOLD STAR MOTHERS WERE ABOARD THE CRUISER OKLAHOMA CITY WHICH WAS MOORED BESIDE THE ARIZONA MEMORIAL PLATFORM FOR THE SERVICES.

A FEW WERE ON THE MEMORIAL WITH GOV. WILLIAM F. QUINN OF HAWAII, FIVE U.S. REPRESENTATIVES AND ADM. SIDES.

A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID GOV. PAUL J. FANNIN OF ARIZONA WAS TO HAVE BEEN PRESENT BUT HE WIRED YESTERDAY THAT HE COULDN'T MAKE IT.

IN THE FRONT RANK OF PARTICIPANTS WAS LT. GEN. ALAN SHAPLEY, PACIFIC MARINE COMMANDER AND ONE OF NINE MARINES TO SURVIVE THE DEC. 7 ATTACK. SHAPLEY WAS THROWN OVERBOARD BY A BLAST CONCUSSION.

THE CEREMONY WAS SIGNALED BY CARILLON CHIMES FROM FORD ISLAND, FOLLOWED BY THE BUGLER'S CALL TO COLORS. THE FLAG WAS RUN UP THE ARIZONA FLAGPOLE, AS IT IS EACH DAY.

THE ARIZONA IS ENTITLED TO FLY THE FLAG BECAUSE OF ITS UNIQUE POSITION AS THE ONLY RETIRED SHIP IN THE NAVY STILL COMMISSIONED. SHE IS REGARDED AS A MEMBER OF THE FLEET BECAUSE HER CREW IS STILL ABOARD.

AN INVOCATION AND HYMN, "NEARER MY GOD TO THEE"--LONG ASSOCIATED WITH SEA TRAGEDIES--PRECEDED SIDES' ADDRESS. AS HE FINISHED, A NAVY CHAPLAIN, CAPT. FRED D. BENNETT, OFFERED A MEMORIAL PRAYER AND A BAND PLAYED THE NAVY HYMN, "ETERNAL FATHER, STRONG TO SAVE."

FLOWERS WERE CAST ON THE WATERS OVER THE ARIZONA AND FLORAL WREATHS WERE ARRANGED ON THE PLATFORM. THE CEREMONY CONCLUDED WITH A BENEDICTION, THE BUGLER'S PLAYING OF TAPS, A RIFLE SALUTE AND A CARILLON RECEPTIONAL.

SIDES DREW A PARALLEL BETWEEN AMERICA'S MILITARY PREPAREDNESS TODAY AND A GENERATION AGO, CITING THE UNIFIED PACIFIC COMMAND WHICH BOSSES ALL ARMY, NAVY, AIR FORCE AND MARINE UNITS.

"READINESS IS THE KEY," HE SAID. "AND CONSTANT TRAINING IS THE

WATCHWORD."

HE ADDED: "NO LONGER ARE LARGE CONCENTRATIONS OF SHIPS SEEN IN THIS HARBOR--SHIPS ARE IN AND OUT, A FEW AT A TIME, ON THEIR WAY TO AND FROM THEIR FORWARD POSITIONS. YET WITH ALL THIS, WE MUST ALWAYS MAINTAIN OUR VIGILANCE AND WE MUST NEVER RELAX OUR GUARD."

VX427PCS

A112

(600)

(ADVANCE FOR USE IN PMS OF THURSDAY, DEC. 7)

(EDITOR'S NOTE: TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY THE JAPANESE ATTACKED THE AMERICAN FLEET IN PEARL HARBOR. JOHN MATHESON, NOW CITY EDITOR OF THE SAULT STE. MARIE EVENING NEWS, WAS A MEMBER OF THE CREW OF THE BATTLESHIP WEST VIRGINIA, HIT BY SIX TORPEDOES AND TWO BOMBS THAT DAY. HERE IS HIS VIVID RECOLLECTIONS OF THE EVENT TWO DECADES AGO.)

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BY JOHN MATHESON

SAULT STE MARIE, MICH. NEWS

(WRITTEN FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS)

(ADVANCE) SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH., DEC. 7 (AP)--AS ANY YOUNG SAILOR OF 18--THEN OR NOW--I WAS LOOKING FORWARD TO A DAY OF LIBERTY IN HONOLULU, AND THE LIBERTY BOAT WAS DUE ALONGSIDE ANY MINUTE.

SUDDENLY AN ALARM--WE THOUGHT A ROUTINE ONE--RANG. IT WAS A CALL FOR THE SHIP'S FIRE AND RESCUE PARTY, A PROCEDURE OFTEN PRACTICED AND DESIGNED TO SEND AID TO ANOTHER SHIP OR ASHORE TO MEET AN EMERGENCY.

THE SCENE WAS THE BATTLESHIP WEST VIRGINIA; THE TIME, 7:55 A.M.; THE DAY, SUNDAY, DEC. 7, 1941; THE PLACE, PEARL HARBOR.

WITH THE ALARM, THE LIBERTY PARTY BROKE UP. SAILORS IN OUR DIVISION WERE ASSIGNED TO A STATION ON THE PORT SIDE OF THE SHIP FOR THIS TYPE OF EMERGENCY. WE WERE TO FALL IN AND STAND BY. WE STARTED TOPSIDE FOR OUR DECK ADJACENT TO THE WATERS OF THE HARBOR.

I WAS ABOUT TO DART OUT ONTO THE OPEN DECK WHEN THE BOATSWAIN'S MATE TURNED AROUND. THAT WILD LOOK IN HIS EYES TOLD ME THIS WAS WAR--BEFORE HE PASSED "THE WORD" THAT THE JAPS WERE ATTACKING.

IN THE WORDS OF AN OLD CLICHE, "IT ALL HAPPENED SO FAST. . ."

MEMBERS OF THE CREW REACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR TRAINING. THE LONG HOURS OF MONOTONOUS DRILL--TRACKING AIRPLANES, LOADING GUNS, CLOSING WATER-TIGHT DOORS, MANNING BATTLE STATIONS--ALL PAID OFF IN THE FIRST MINUTES OF THE ATTACK.

MY STATION WAS "SKY PORT," AN ANTI-AIRCRAFT FIRE DIRECTOR ON THE SIDE OF THE SHIP WHERE THE JAPANESE AVIATORS WERE MAKING THEIR TORPEDO RUNS. IT WAS NECESSARY TO CLIMB LADDERS TO REACH THIS STATION, ONE OF THE HIGHEST ON THE SHIP.

TORPEDOES WERE STARTING TO HIT. IT IS DIFFICULT TO DESCRIBE HOW A TORPEDO SHAKES A BATTLESHIP WHEN IT HITS. IT KNOCKS A PERSON OFF HIS FEET AND THROWS A COLUMN OF OIL AND WATER UP OVER THE TOP OF THE SHIP. ONE HIT WHEN I REACHED THE DIRECTOR PLATFORM ON THE STARBOARD SIDE. I WENT SKIDDING ACROSS THE DECK ON MY BOTTOM AND INTO A STEEL SHIELD.

LOOKING UP FROM THE DECK, I SAW HIGH-LEVEL BOMBERS OVERHEAD. THEY WERE MAKING THE BOMB RUNS THAT GAVE THEM SO MANY CENTERLINE HITS ON THE SITTING DUCKS BELOW.

ONE BOMB PASSED NO MORE THAN 20 FEET, IT SEEMED, FROM MY BATTLE STATION. BUT TO THIS DAY, I CAN'T REMEMBER IT HITTING, ALTHOUGH IT KILLED THE CAPTAIN.



THE SHIP'S DAMAGE KNOCKED OUT THE POWER AND OUR FIRE CONTROL DIRECTOR WAS USELESS. WE WERE ORDERED TO THE ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN DECK, BUT OUR FOUR GUNS WERE OUT OF COMMISSION BECAUSE OF DAMAGE ON THE PORT SIDE.

THE ORDER TO ABANDON SHIP CAME SHORTLY AFTER. MOST OF US WENT TO THE STARBOARD SIDE, WHICH WAS ADJACENT TO THE BATTLESHIP TENNESSEE. WE SCRAMBLED DOWN TO THE ARMOR BELT, AND THEN INTO THE WATER FOR THE SHORT SWIM TO FORD ISLAND.

THE STARBOARD SIDE OF THE DECK WAS A STRANGE SIGHT. MOST OF THE MEN HAD REMOVED THEIR SHOES, AND THERE THE SHOES WERE, NEATLY LINED UP FOR A CONSIDERABLE DISTANCE TOWARD THE BOW OF THE WEST VIRGINIA.

ONCE ASHORE, A BOATSWAIN FORMED A SMALL BOAT CREW TO EVACUATE SOME WOUNDED MEN OUT OF ONE OF OUR 16-INCH GUN TURRETS. I WAS ORDERED ABOARD, AND WE ROUNDED THE BOW OF THE BURNING SHIP TO PICK UP THE WOUNDED. MOST OF THEM HAD SUFFERED FLASH BURNS FROM THE HEAT OF A BOMB HIT ON THE TURRET. THEY WERE CARRIED OUT OF THE TURRET, BROUGHT TO THE SIDE OF THE SHIP WHICH HAD SETTLED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE HARBOR BY NOW, AND WERE HANDED OVER TO US. WE COVERED THEM WITH CANVAS AND TOOK THEM TO ONE OF THE FLEET LANDING AREAS.

ABOUT THIS TIME, THE BATTLESHIP NEVADA WAS TRYING TO GET OUT OF THE HARBOR AND THE JAPANESE DIVE BOMBERS HAD HER UNDER ATTACK. SHE WAS BEACHED BEFORE SHE REACHED THE HARBOR ENTRANCE.

AFTER THE ATTACK, MANY OF US WANDERED AROUND FORD ISLAND, IN THE CENTER OF THE HARBOR. TOWARD EVENING, WE WERE ORDERED TO THE TENNESSEE TO REINFORCE HER GUN CREWS. I WAS ASSIGNED TO A GUN ON WHICH THE PAINT WAS BURNED OFF THE BARREL BECAUSE OF THE NUMBER OF ROUNDS FIRED THAT MORNING.

PEARL HARBOR WAS A GLOOMY, EERIE PLACE THAT NIGHT. SMOKE FILLED THE AIR AS SHIPS AND OIL BURNED. TRIGGER-HAPPY DESCRIBES THE MENTAL ATTITUDE OF THAT NIGHT. ONE OF OUR OWN PLANES WAS SHOT DOWN ATTEMPTING A LANDING.

THE WEST VIRGINIA CREW WAS WIDELY SCATTERED. WE WERE GRADUALLY CONCENTRATED IN A SHORE AREA THE FOLLOWING DAYS AND ASSIGNED TO UNDERMANNED SHIPS AS THEY CAME INTO THE HARBOR.

ONE NIGHT A CALL WENT OUT FOR VOLUNTEERS FOR THE CARRIER LEXINGTON. MY BUDDY, A KENTUCKIAN, STEPPED OUT, BUT I PULLED HIM BACK IN FAVOR OF TRYING FOR A CRUISER OR DESTROYER. WE EVENTUALLY WERE ASSIGNED TO THE CRUISER MINNEAPOLIS.

AND FIVE MONTHS LATER, WE WERE PULLING SOME OF OUR FORMER WEST VIRGINIA SHIPMATES OUT OF THE CORAL SEA WHEN THE "LEX" WAS SUNK IN THAT BATTLE.

TWENTY YEARS LATER, IT IS STILL A TOUGH STORY TO WRITE. EVERYTHING THAT HAPPENED PERSONALLY REMAINS AS VIVID AS LAST NIGHT'S TECHNICOLOR MOVIE. BUT IT DOESN'T SEEM TO COME OUT THAT WAY IN BLACK AND WHITE LIKE THIS.

(END ADVANCE FOR PMS OF THURSDAY, DEC. 7--SENT DEC. 6)

FD851AES

A83KX

NEVADA-PEARL HARBOR EYEWITNESS (600)

EDITORS NOTE: CAPT. JOSEPH K. TAUSSIG JR. WAS AN ENSIGN ON DUTY AS OFFICER OF THE DECK ABOARD THE USS NEVADA WHEN THE JAPANESE ATTACKED PEARL HARBOR 20 YEARS AGO TODAY. HE REPRESENTED THE NEVADA'S DEAD AND WOUNDED AT SPECIAL MEMORIAL CEREMONIES IN CARSON CITY TODAY. IN THE DISPATCH BELOW HE DESCRIBES THE ATTACK AND HIS PART IN KEEPING THE BATTLESHIP AFLOAT.

BY CAPT. JOSEPH K. TAUSSIG JR., USN.

CARSON CITY, NEV., DEC. 7 (AP)--THE USS NEVADA WAS A FIRST LINE BATTLESHIP STATIONED AT PEARL HARBOR ON DEC. 7, 1941. SHE WAS THE THIRD OLDEST OF THE EIGHT BATTLESHIPS PRESENT ON THAT MORNING. THE OLDEST TWO, THE ARIZONA AND OKLAHOMA, WERE DESTINED TO BE LOST THAT DAY.

AT ABOUT 6:45 A.M. THE NORMAL SUNDAY MORNING ROUTINE WAS BEING CARRIED OUT. THE DUTY SECTION WAS ON DECK, CLEANING PAINT WORK AND SWABBING THE DECKS. A SMALL LIBERTY PARTY WAS ASSEMBLING ON THE QUAR-

TERDECK TO GO ASHORE.

AT ABOUT 7:55 A.M. CHIEF BOATSWAIN'S MATE ADOLPHO SOLAR SAW BOMBS DROPPING ON THE NAVAL AIR STATION ON FORD ISLAND.

I WAS ON THE PORT SIDE AT THAT MOMENT AND SAW A TORPEDO PLANE FLYING LOW OVER THE HARBOR. THE PLANE DROPPED A TORPEDO, AND I WATCHED IT AS IT EXPLODED AGAINST THE SIDE OF THE OKLAHOMA.

I RUSHED TOWARD THE GENERAL ALARM SYSTEM AND MET BOATSWAIN SOLAR. WE TURNED IN THE ALARM AND PASSED WORD TO MAN BATTLE STATIONS.

IMMEDIATELY AFTERWARD THE ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUNS WERE FIRING. THE ELAPSED TIME COULD NOT HAVE BEEN MORE THAN TWO AND ONE HALF MINUTES. THE NEVADA CONTINUED TO FIRE HER ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUNS AT TORPEDO AND BOMBING PLANES.

SHORTLY AFTER 8 A.M. SHE WAS HIT BY A TORPEDO WHICH DID EXTENSIVE DAMAGE ON THE PORT SIDE NEAR THE BOW. THIS HIT CAUSED THE SHIP TO LIST HEAVILY.

THE DAMAGE CONTROL PERSONNEL COUNTERFLOODED TO LEVEL THE SHIP.

SHORTLY AFTER THE TORPEDO HIT, A GENERAL SIGNAL WAS SENT THROUGHOUT THE FLEET FOR ALL SHIPS TO SORTIE FROM THE HARBOR.

OF ALL THE BATTLESHIPS IN THE HARBOR, ONLY NEVADA WAS ABLE TO ANSWER THE CALL.

WITH ALL GUNS FIRING, SHE GOT UP SUFFICIENT STEAM WITHIN 15 MINUTES--AN ALMOST UNHEARD OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR A 35,000-TON VESSEL--AND WAS MANEUVERING HER WAY FROM HER BERTH 10 YARDS ASTERN OF THE DESTROYED ARIZONA.

WHEN THE ARIZONA BLEW UP SHORTLY AFTER THE ORDER TO SORTIE, THE FORCE OF THE EXPLOSION AND DEBRIS WOUNDED MANY MEN ON THE NEVADA.

THE MANEUVER OF GETTING UNDERWAY IN SUCH RESTRICTED WATERS BY SUCH A LARGE SHIP WOULD HAVE BEEN IMPOSSIBLE UNDER ORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES WITHOUT A TUG. AS SHE CLEARED HER BERTH AND THE HULK OF THE ARIZONA, A CHEER WENT UP FROM ALL PERSONS IN THE PEARL HARBOR AREA WHO OBSERVED HER.

THE ENTIRE JAPANESE ATTACK WAS DIRECTED AT HER AS SHE CLEARED THE MAIN CHANNEL.

ALREADY CASUALTIES WERE VERY HEAVY. ADOLPHO SOLAR WAS DEAD, KILLED AT AN ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN. CHIEF BOATSWAIN EDWARD HILL, ONE OF THE GREAT OLD MEN OF THE NAVY, LAY DEAD ON THE FORECASTLE ALONG WITH 15 OF HIS MEN WHO HAD BEEN ENGAGED IN CASTING OFF.

DURING THE SORTIE DOWN THE HARBOR, THE JAPANESE DROPPED APPROXIMATELY 80 BOMBS AT NEVADA. FORTUNATELY, ONLY EIGHT STRUCK THE VESSEL.

THIS DID TREMENDOUS DAMAGE TO THE TOP STRUCTURE, STARTING A GREAT FIRE WHICH BURNED THE FORECASTLE BRIDGE STRUCTURE.

THIS FIRE, COMBINED WITH ONE THAT WAS STARTED WHEN CHIEF BOATSWAIN HILL WAS KILLED, WREATHED THE VESSEL IN FLAMES.

AS THE SHIP PROCEEDED DOWN THE HARBOR, THE SENIOR OFFICER AFLOAT ON THE MARYLAND THOUGHT THE NEVADA WAS IN DANGER OF SINKING. WITH GREAT RELUCTANCE, THE SIGNAL WAS GIVEN TO RUN THE VESSEL AGROUND. THIS WAS DONE. THE SHIP WAS PUT GENTLY ON HOSPITAL POINT (CAP H, P).

WITH ALL GUNS STILL FIRING, THE NEVADA CONTINUED TO FIGHT. EVENTUALLY A TUG WAS SENT OUT TO PUSH HER ACROSS THE HARBOR TO A LESS IMPORTANT AREA IN THE EVENT SHE MIGHT REQUIRE EXTENSIVE REPAIRS.

THIS POINT, ON THE WAIPIO PENINSULA IN PEARL HARBOR, IS TODAY KNOWN AS NEVADA POINT.

AT THE END OF THE BATTLE THE DAMAGE WAS TOTTED UP.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY MEN HAD BEEN WOUNDED ON THE NEVADA, AND FORTY HAD PAID THE SUPREME PRICE FOR THE HONOR OF FIGHTING FOR THEIR COUNTRY.

(CAPT. TAUSSIG WAS AMONG THE WOUNDED. THE INJURIES HE SUFFERED WHILE DIRECTING THE NEVADA'S FIRE COST HIM A LEG.)

VX526PCS

A123KX  
(260)

CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO., DEC. 7 (AP)--LUZON AND JAPANESE BOMBS, BATAAN AND THE DEATH MARCH, HIROSHIMA AND A DATE WITH THE FIRST ATOM BOMB. IT



30.24-2457

ALL BEGAN FOR CHARLES BRANUM DEC. 8, 1941, ACROSS THE INTERNATIONAL DATELINE FROM PEARL HARBOR.

BRANUM, A SUPERINTENDENT FOR THE MISSOURI UTILITIES CO. IN CAPE GIRARDEAU, WAS AN ENLISTED MAN IN THE ARMY AIR CORPS ATTENDING A WEST POINT PREP SCHOOL NEAR MANILA.

"SUDDENLY, I WAS AN INSTANT INFANTRYMAN," BRANUM RECALLED. "THE FIRST BOMBS EXPLODED AND EVERYONE SEEMED TO KNOW WHAT IT WAS, AND WHO IT WAS, AS A MATTER OF FACT. ALTHOUGH, ONE DISBELIEVING OFFICER HURRIED TO CHECK ON WHETHER IT WAS AHOAX."

"NO ONE SEEMED TOO EXCITED ABOUT THE WHOLE THING," SAID BRANUM. "A COUPLE OF HOURS EARLIER ONE OF THE FELLOWS HAD GOTTEN A GARBLED REPORT ABOUT PEARL HARBOR."

IN THE PHILIPPINE FIGHTING BRANUM WAS WOUNDED SIX TIMES. HE WON THE SILVER STAR AT BATAAN.

"ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE WAR I WAS REPORTED KILLED," HE SAID. "I STILL INSIST THAT WAS AN ERRONEOUS REPORT."

BRANUM PROVED A MOST DIFFICULT MAN TO KILL. HE SURVIVED THE DEATH MARCH FROM BATAAN. HE SURVIVED ALMOST UNENDURABLE CONDITIONS WHILE BEING TRANSPORTED TO A PRISON CAMP ON THE JAPANESE MAINLAND. HE STAYED ALIVE IN A PRISON COMPOUND TWO MILES FROM HIROSHIMA. AND WHEN THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB WAS DETONATED, BRANUM FELT THE HEAT WAVE AND THE SHOCK THAT SHATTERED WINDOWS AND RIPPED THE ROOFS OFF BUILDINGS IN THE COMPOUND AND WATCHED THE MUSHROOM-SHAPED CLOUD RISE OVER THE CITY.

HE SURVIVED AND APPARENTLY WITH NO ILL EFFECTS FROM RADIATION. AFTER 18 MONTHS IN A MILITARY HOSPITAL RECOVERING FROM WOUNDS AND THE EFFECTS OF PROLONGED IMPRISONMENT, BRANUM LEFT THE ARMY. IN THE INTERIM NOTHING HAS HAPPENED THAT MAKES NEARLY AS EXCITING CONVERSATION, BUT BRANUM IS SATISFIED WITH HIS PRESENT, QUIET LIFE.

A111 JW854ACS

(580)  
AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS.  
BY CONRAD FINK  
(ADVANCE) TOYOTA, JAPAN, DEC. 6 (AP)-KAZUO SAKAMAKI LAUGHS TODAY ABOUT BEING THE FIRST JAPANESE PRISONER CAPTURED BY THE AMERICANS IN WORLD WAR II.

HE WAS THE SKIPPER OF A MIDGET SUBMARINE ASSIGNED TO SNEAK INTO PEARL HARBOR ON THAT SUNDAY MORNING TWO DECADES AGO--DEC. 7, 1941--AND TORPEDO THE WARSHIP PENNSYLVANIA.

BUT SAKAMAKI'S ATTACK TURNED INTO A FIASCO THAT ENDED WITH HIM BEING WASHED UP NEARLY DROWNED AT THE FEET OF A U.S. ARMY SERGEANT ON A SANDY SEASHORE IN HAWAII AT DAWN THE NEXT DAY.

NOW THE WELL-TO-DO CHIEF OF EXPORTS FOR JAPAN'S LARGEST AUTOMOBILE MANUFACTURER, TOYOTA MOTOR CO. LTD., SAKAMAKI LOOKS BACK AT HIS TWO-DAY WAR AGAINST THE UNITED STATES AND SAID:

"PRETTY SHORT WAR. THE PEARL HARBOR ATTACK STARTED WORLD WAR II FOR ME--AND ENDED IT."

IT WASN'T UNTIL THIS YEAR THAT HE GOT A LOOK AT PEARL HARBOR--ABOARD A CRUISE SHIP.

SITTING IN A PLUSH CONFERENCE ROOM USED BY TOYOTA EXECUTIVES, SAKAMAKI RECALLED HIS ROLE IN THE ATTACK 20 YEARS AGO.

THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT DECLARED HIM DEAD RATHER THAN ADMIT THAT AN IMPERIAL NAVY OFFICER HAD SUBMITTED TO THE DISGRACE OF CAPTURE.

SAKAMAKI SAID THAT AS A 23-YEAR-OLD ENSIGN, A NAVAL ACADEMY GRADUATE AND CAREER OFFICER, HE FELT THAT DISGRACE. HE SAID HE PLEADED WITH HIS AMERICAN CAPTORS TO SHOOT HIM ON A HILL OVERLOOKING PEARL HARBOR.

AND HE MADE CLEAR THAT HE GLADLY WOULD HAVE SACRIFICED HIS LIFE THEN TO HAVE SUNK THE SHIPS MOORED AROUND FORD ISLAND IN THE MIDDLE OF THE HARBOR. HE TOLD THIS STORY:

HE AND HIS SINGLE CREWMAN, PETTY OFFICER KIYOSHI INAGAKI, LEFT JAPAN'S KURE NAVAL BASE ON OCT. 16 ABOARD "MOTHER SUB" NO. 24 BOUND FOR PEARL HARBOR.

THEIR MIDGET SUB, 78 FEET LONG AND PACKING TWO 18-INCH TORPEDOES, WAS STRAPPED ON NO. 24'S DECK, AFT OF THE CONNING TOWER. THEY SURFACED

OFF THE HARBOR MOUTH THE EVENING OF DEC. 6. FOUR OTHER TWO-MAN SUBS ALREADY HAD ARRIVED ABOARD OTHER MOTHER SUBS.

"WE COULD SEE THE STARS TWINKLING...AND THERE WERE MANY LIGHTS VISIBLE FROM THE SHORE," HE SAID. "I LISTENED TO MUSIC FROM A HONOLULU RADIO STATION."

"AT DAWN ON DEC. 8 WE SURFACED OFF WHAT HE THOUGHT WAS LANAI," SAKAMAKI SAID, "BUT IT TURNED OUT WE WERE NEAR THE NORTHEAST COAST OF OAHU ISLAND--WAY OFF COURSE."

"WE HIT ANOTHER REEF AND WERE UNABLE TO FLOAT OFF SO WE SET THE SUB ON FIRE AND JUMPED OVERBOARD. I WAS SO EXHAUSTED I WAS UNABLE TO SWIM, SO I JUST FLOATED ON MY BACK. MR. INAGAKI TRIED TO SWIM TO SHORE AND I LEARNED LATER HE DROWNED."

"I FELL UNCONSCIOUS WHILE FLOATING AND THE NEXT THING I REMEMBER I WAS BEING PICKED UP ON THE BEACH BY AN AMERICAN ARMY SERGEANT."

SAKAMAKI WAS TAKEN TO A PRISON ON SAND ISLAND, JUST OFFSHORE FROM HONOLULU.

"AMERICAN OFFICERS ASKED ME ALL KINDS OF QUESTIONS BUT A REPLIED ONLY THAT I WANTED TO BE SHOT. THEY SAID 'AMERICANS DON'T SHOOT PRISONERS.'"

SAKAMAKI THEN MADE WHAT HE CALLS THE "GRAND TOUR OF AMERICA." HE WAS IMPRISONED AT CAMP MCCOY, WIS.; CAMP FOREST, TENN.; CAMP LIVINGSTON, LA.; AND CAMP KENNEDY, TEX.

"GENERALLY SPEAKING THE TREATMENT WAS VERY GOOD BUT IT GOT WORSE AFTER GUADALCANAL," SAKAMAKI SAID.

IN 1942, U.S. FORCES LANDED ON GUADALCANAL IN THEIR FIRST LAND OFFENSIVE OF WORLD WAR II.

"UP TO GUADALCANAL OUR AMERICAN GUARDS WEREN'T TOO SURE OF WHO WOULD WIN THE WAR," SAKAMAKI SAID WITH A LAUGH.

WHEN HE REACHED CAMP MCCOY, SAKAMAKI CHANGED HIS MIND ABOUT DYING FOR JAPAN'S GLORY.

"SOME PRISONERS WANTED TO TRY TO BREAK OUT AND WIN DEATH THAT WAY," HE SAID. "BUT I TOLD THEM THAT WOULD BE AN UNGENTLEMANLY DEATH."

HE ADDED: "TEN OF US MANNED MIDGET SUBMARINES IN THE ATTACK. NINE FELLOWS BECAME TEMPORARY WAR HEROS. BUT I STILL LIVE."

SAKAMAKI LEARNED ENGLISH IN THE PRISON CAMPS--AND SOFTBALL.

"I HAVE NOW INTRODUCED SOFTBALL TO MY EMPLOYEES", HE SAID.

END ADVANCE FOR WED. PMS--MOVED DEC. 5.

JP950AES

ALL HANDS WERE ISSUED SAKA FOR A FAREWELL PARTY. ABOUT MIDNIGHT SAKAMAKI AND INAGAKI CLIMBED INTO THE MIDGET SUB. NO. 24 EASED BENEATH THE WAVES AND SENT HER TINY CHARGE TOWARD PEARL HARBOR, 7 MILES AWAY.

THE MIDGET RAN INTO TROUBLE THE MOMENT IT WAS LAUNCHED. ITS STEERING GEAR WENT OUT OF ORDER AND THE SUB BUCKED THROUGH THE SEA "LIKE A WILD HORSE."

"EVERY TIME I STARTED THE ENGINES THE NOSE POPPED UP TO THE SURFACE," SAKAMAKI SAID. "SO FOR THREE HOURS MR. INAGAKI AND I CARRIED HEAVY LEAD BALLAST FROM THE STERN TO THE BOW. THIS EXHAUSTED US."

WHEN THE SUB FINALLY GOT ON COURSE SAKAMAKI PUT UP THE PERISCOPE AND SAW "TWO AMERICAN PATROL BOATS SO CLOSE I COULD SEE THE SEAMEN RUNNING ON THE DECK."

THE AMERICANS DROPPED DEPTH CHARGES "AND THE SUB WAS TWISTED VIOLENTLY THIS WAY AND THAT." BOTH JAPANESE RECEIVED MINOR WOUNDS AND THE SUB'S TORPEDO LAUNCHING MECHANISM WAS WRECKED.

"BUT I MADE UP MY MIND TO ENTER THE HARBOR AND DASH INTO A BATTLESHIP AND EXPLODE THE TORPEDOES THAT WAY," SAKAMAKI SAID. SO HE PRESSED FORWARD.

THEN THE SUB HIT A CORAL REEF JUST OUTSIDE THE HARBOR AND BROKE THROUGH THE SURFACE OF THE WATER. SAKAMAKI SWIVELED THE PERISCOPE



AROUND AND SAW AN AMERICAN DESTROYER CLOSE BY AND U.S. GUNS ON THE SHORE.

"AN AMERICAN OFFICER TOLD ME LATER THE DESTROYER WAS TOO CLOSE TO SHOOT AT ME WITH ITS BIG GUNS," SAKAMAKI SAID. HE QUICKLY BACKED THE SUB INTO DEEPER WATER TO WAIT UNTIL DARKNESS FOR ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO ENTER THE HARBOR.

"BY THIS TIME THE BAD AIR AND GAS IN THE SUB AND THE TENSION HAD ALMOST KILLED US," SAKAMAKI SAID.

REPEATED ATTEMPTS TO ENTER THE HARBOR THE NIGHT OF DEC. 7 FAILED AND INAGAKI ARGUED THEY SHOULD WITHDRAW TO TAKE PART IN FUTURE ATTACKS ON SAN FRANCISCO, MANILA, SINGAPORE AND SYDNEY (AUSTRALIA)."

SAKAMAKI AGREED AND HEADED THE SUB FOR LANAI ISLAND, SOUTHEAST OF PEARL HARBOR, WHERE THEY WERE TO BE PICKED UP BY THE MOTHER SUB.

B20 Q

(330)

STAUNTON, VA., DEC. 7 (AP)—TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY THE JAPANESE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR TOUCHED OFF A WAR WHICH ULTIMATELY SAW YASUYUKI FUKUDA FIGHTING AGAINST HIS NATIVE COUNTRY.

TEN DAYS FROM TODAY FUKUDA WILL REACH A LONG-BOUGHT GOAL WHEN HE IS ORDAINED A MINISTER IN CEREMONIES AT MT. TABOR LUTHERAN CHURCH NEAR HERE.

IN THE INTERVENING YEARS, FUKUDA, NOW 39, LOST AND REGAINED HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP, MET AND MARRIED AN AMERICAN GIRL AND RECEIVED HIS DIVINITY DEGREE.

FUKUDA WAS BORN IN SEATTLE, WASH.

OF JAPANESE PARENTS. HE RETURNED WITH HIS PARENTS TO JAPAN WHEN HE WAS FOUR. WHEN HE WAS DRAFTED INTO THE JAPANESE ARMY, HE LOST HIS AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP AND DID NOT REGAIN IT UNTIL HE RETURNED TO THIS COUNTRY AS A STUDENT.

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AFTER THE WAR, FUKUDA BECAME ASSOCIATED WITH THE LUTHERAN MISSION IN JAPAN AND SERVED IN THE SUIDOCHO LUTHERAN (JAPANESE EVANGELICAL) CHURCH. WHILE WORKING IN THIS CHURCH HE DECIDED TO STUDY FOR THE MINISTRY.

HE WAS SENT TO THE UNITED STATES AND ENROLLED IN GARRETT INSTITUTE IN TENNESSEE. THERE HE MET MARTHA SUE STEWART AND MARRIED HER IN 1953 AT MORRISTOWN, TENN. THEY NOW HAVE ONE CHILD, JAMES KENZIE FUKUDA.

AFTER LEAVING GARRETT, WHERE BOTH HAD TAUGHT IN THE LUTHERAN MISSION, THE FUKUDAS RETURNED TO JAPAN. IN 1957 THEY RETURNED TO THIS COUNTRY AND FUKUDA ENROLLED IN KING COLLEGE AT BRISTOL, TENN., AND HIS WIFE TOOK A TEACHING JOB AT VIRGINIA INTERMONT COLLEGE IN BRISTOL, VA.

WHILE A STUDENT AT KING COLLEGE FUKUDA MET THE REV. J. LESTER LINK, THEN PASTOR OF A LUTHERAN CHURCH IN BRISTOL.

THE REV. MR. LINK TOOK AN ACTIVE INTEREST IN FUKUDA AND IN HIS DESIRE TO ENTER THE MINISTRY. LINK FOLLOWED HIS CAREER THROUGH THE LUTHERAN THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY AT COLUMBIA, S.C., WHERE FUKUDA EARNED HIS BACHELOR OF DIVINITY DEGREE LAST MAY.

LINK IS NOW PASTOR OF THE MT. TABOR CHURCH, AND IT WAS DECIDED TO CONDUCT THE ORDINATION SERVICE THERE. FUKUDA HAS ACCEPTED THE PASTORATE OF ST. PAUL'S LUTHERAN CHURCH ON WEST 166TH STREET IN NEW YORK CITY, AND ALREADY IS SERVING AS MINISTER THERE. HE PREVIOUSLY SERVED AS SUMMER SUPPLY AT GRACE LUTHERAN CHURCH IN OAK RIDGE, TENN.

TB423AES

A35KX (BJT)

AMS BUDGET

PARL HARBOR (450)

BERKELEY, CALIF., DEC. 7 (AP)—YOU LOOK AT THE KINDLY, SMILING FACE OF MITSUO FUCHIDA TODAY. HE TALKS OF LOVE FOR FELLOW MAN AND THE FUTILITY OF WAR.

BUT THE FACE OF THIS 59-YEAR-OLD LAY MISSIONARY FROM JAPAN WAS-- BY HIS OWN ACCOUNT--ANYTHING BUT KINDLY 20 YEARS AGO THIS DAY AT 7:54 A.M. HONOLULU TIME.

THE FACE OF CAPT. MITSUO FUCHIDA WAS PEERING DOWN FROM A BOMBER OF THE LEADING SQUADRON OFF THE AIRCRAFT CARRIER AKAGI. ITS FEATURES FORMED A SNARL AS HE SAID:

"SENGUN TOTSUGEKI SEYO!"

THAT TRANSLATES "PLUNGE INTO ATTACK."

"I BATTLE WITH BIBLES NOW, NOT BOMBS."

FUCHIDA TOLD THE BERKELEY GAZETTE BEFORE LEAVING FOR TORONTO, CANADA ON A MISSIONARY TRIP) (INSTEAD OF SAID TODAY)

HE WAS CONVERTED TO CHRISTIANITY SHORTLY AFTER A FRIEND RETURNED TO JAPAN FROM A U.S. PRISONER OF WAR CAMP AND TOLD HIM AN AMERICAN GIRL, MARGARET COVELL, MINISTERED TO THE JAPANESE SICK AND WOUNDED. HER PARENTS HAD BEEN KILLED BY THE JAPANESE IN THE PHILIPPINES.

"MY FRIEND WHO HAD BEEN FILLED WITH HATRED FOR THE AMERICANS TOLD ME HE HAD RETURNED TO JAPAN WITH A HEART FULL OF LOVE," FUCHIDA SAID.

"WE WERE AMAZED. THE MORAL CODE WE HAD BEEN TAUGHT WAS THAT THE MURDERER OF ONE'S PARENTS BECAME THE SWORN AND IRRECONCILABLE ENEMY. WE COULD NOT UNDERSTAND HOW ANYONE COULD RETURN KIDNESS FOR THAT."

FUCHIDA RECALLS THE VENTS OF 20 YEARS AGO:

IN SEPTEMBER, 1941, A COMMANDER GENDA, AIR OPERATIONS OFFICER OF JAPAN'S FIRST AIR FLEET, TOLD HIM:

"NOW DON'T BE ALARMED, FUCHIDA, WE WANT YOU TO LEAD OUR AIR FORCE IN THE EVENT WE ATTACK PEARL HARBOR."

THE SEAS WERE ROUGH THE DAY OF THE ATTACK.

VICE ADM. CHUICHO NAGUMO, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE FIRST FLEET, "GRASPED MY HAND FIRMLY AND SAID 'I HAVE CONFIDENCE IN YOU.'"

THE TAKEOFFS STARTED.

"I ORDERED MY PILOT TO BANK SHARPLY AND ALL 10 OF MY SQUADRONS FORMED INTO A SINGLE COLUMN. BOMBS PLUMMETED LIKE DEVILS OF DOOM. MY HEART WAS ABLAZE WITH JOY FOR MY SUCCESS IN GETTING THE WHOLE MAIN FORCE OF THE AMERICAN PACIFIC FLEET AND I PUT MY WHOLE EFFORT INTO THE WAR THAT FOLLOWED.

"AFTER THE WAR--AND 25 YEARS OF NAVY SERVICE--I RETIRED AND BEGAN FARMING."

FUCHIDA SAID HE NEVER WAS ACCUSED AS A WAR CRIMINAL BUT WAS CALLED SEVERAL TIMES BY GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, U.S. OCCUPATION COMMANDER, TO TESTIFY AGAINST ACCUSED JAPANESE.

"I FELT PEACE COULD NEVER COME FROM HATRED AND RESENTMENT AND I VOWED TO SPEND MY LIFE HELPING OTHERS REALIZE THIS FACT," HE SAID.

FUCHIDA IS A LAY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNITED CHURCH OF CHRIST INTO WHICH HE WAS BAPTIZED ON EASTER SUNDAY, 1951. HE ADDRESSES GROUPS IN BEHALF OF THE CHURCH.

VX622PCS

AMS BUDGET

UNDATED PEARL HARBOR MEMORIES (750)  
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

OR

NEW YORK, DEC. 7 (AP)—"THE MEMORY OF THAT DAY. . . SHOULD SERVE US WELL," PRESIDENT KENNEDY SAID TODAY (THURSDAY) ON THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BOMBING OF PEARL HARBOR.

AS THE PRESIDENT ADDRESSED THE AFL-CIO CONVENTION AT MIAMI BEACH, FLA., THE RECOLLECTIONS OF MANY AMERICANS DRIFTED BACK A FIFTH OF A CENTURY TO THEIR NATION'S FIRST TASTE OF WORLD WAR II. THEIR MEMORIES:

MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT (SHE WAS IN THE WHITE HOUSE WHEN AN USHER TOLD HER OF THE ATTACK):

"JUST BEFORE DINNER I GOT TO SPEAK TO FRANKLIN. HE WAS VERY TIRED, BUT ON THE WHOLE VERY CALM--AND CHIEFLY INTERESTED IN WHAT HE WAS GOING TO DO NEXT. THE WORST HAD HAPPENED. HE HAD HOPED WE WOULD NOT BE ENGAGED IN A TWO-FRONT WAR--AND NOW WE WERE."



30.24-2459

GEORGE E. ELLIOTT JR., OF LONG BRANCH, N.J., (THEN A YOUNG SOLDIER ON OAHU IN THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, LEARNING HOW TO OPERATE RADAR): "WE WERE SUPPOSED TO SHUT THE SET DOWN AT 7 THAT MORNING. I HAD

BEEN ASSIGNED TO THE RADAR SECTION THREE MONTHS. I WAS TRYING TO LEARN TO OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT. I ASKED OUR SECTION CHIEF IF I COULD KEEP THE SET ON."

SHORTLY AFTER 7 A.M. HE AND HIS IMMEDIATE SUPERIOR, ALSO A PRIVATE, PICKED UP A PLOT OF INCOMING AIRPLANES. THEY TELEPHONED FT. SHAFTER NEAR PEARL HARBOR, BUT AN OFFICER BELIEVED IT WAS AN FLIGHT OF U.S. BOMBERS FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

ELLIOTT SAYS THAT "LIKE EVERY OTHER AMERICAN AT THAT TIME, AND THAT GOES FOR MILITARY AND CIVILIAN, WE NEVER DREAMED THAT THE JAPANESE WOULD ATTACK. I HAVE NO REGRETS. IT'S EASY TO BE A 'MONDAY MORNING QUARTERBACK' AND I HONESTLY FEEL THAT WE DID THE BEST WE COULD."

KERMIT A. TYLER, (THE OFFICER THE RADAR OPERATORS TELEPHONED AND NOW A RETIRED LIEUTENANT COLONEL STUDYING BUSINESS AT SAN DIEGO COLLEGE, CALIF.):

"SHORTLY AFTER 7 O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING I WAS ALONE ON DUTY WITH A TELEPHONE OPERATOR. A FEW MINUTES LATER WE GOT A CALL FROM THE RADAR STATION NAMED OPANA. THE OPERATOR THERE SAID HE HAD PICKED UP A LARGE PLOT NORTH OF OAHU. HE SAID SOMETHING TO THE EFFECT 'IT'S THE BIGGEST I'VE SEEN.'"

"I PAUSED, THOUGHT ABOUT IT, THEN TOLD HIM 'ALL RIGHT' OR SOMETHING LIKE THAT. MY REACTION WAS THAT BECAUSE OF ITS SIZE IT MUST BE THE FLIGHT OF B17S FROM SAN FRANCISCO. IT DEVELOPED, IN FACT, THAT THE B17S BECAME INTERMINGLED WITH THE ATTACK. . .

"A FEW MINUTES LATER I STEPPED OUTSIDE. I SAW WHAT I THOUGHT WAS ARMY ANTI-AIRCRAFT PRACTICE BURSTS WEST OF PEARL HARBOR.

"I WATCHED THESE FOR ABOUT FOUR OR FIVE MINUTES WHEN THE TELEPHONE OPERATOR CALLED TO ME AND SAID WHEELER FIELD WAS UNDER ATTACK."

TYLER FOUGHT AT GUADALCANAL IN THE SOLOMONS, WINNING THE LEGION OF MERIT.

FIRST SGT. EDWARD OLENDER OF BINGHAMTON, N.Y. (HE WAS ON THE THIRD FLOOR OF SCHOFIELD BARRACKS NEAR PEARL HARBOR AND NOW TRAINS ROOKIES AT FT. DIX, N.J.): "THERE WERE A LOT OF PLANES OVER WHEELER AIRFIELD. I GOT UP AND WENT OUT ON THE VERANDA. THERE WERE OTHERS THERE. THEY SAID 'THE NAVY'S MAKING A MOCK ATTACK JUST LIKE THEY DID BEFORE'. . . BUT THEN THERE WAS SMOKE FROM THE FIELD AND EVERYBODY STARTED RUNNING FOR THEIR GUNS AND THEY WERE FALLING OUT OF BED IN THEIR UNDERWEAR JUST LIKE ME. . . I FIRED MY M-1 (RIFLE) FROM THE VERANDA. I FIRED 32 ROUNDS."

FIRST LT. ALAN M.F. LING (HE WAS THEN A 4 1/4-YEAR-OLD YOUNGSTER LIVING IN HONOLULU AND NOW IS STATIONED AT FT. DIX): "THE WHOLE FAMILY (WAS) STANDING ON THE PORCH LOOKING TOWARD PEARL HARBOR AND THERE WAS A LOT OF FLAK AND SHELL BURSTS. . . I REMEMBER A RADIO PLAYING LOUD." # 1211

A109

SUB

EDITORS: THE FOLLOWING SUBS FOR EDITORS NOTE (A187) TO PACIFIC WAR PIECE BY RELMAN MORIN, SENT DEC. 1 AS ADVANCE FOR AMS OF THURSDAY, DEC. 7.

--DASH--

EDITORS NOTE: RELMAN MORIN, PULITZER PRIZE-WINNING WRITER OF THIS REVIEW, WAS ASSOCIATED PRESS BUREAU CHIEF IN TOKYO FROM 1937 THROUGH 1940 DURING WHICH TIME MANY OF THE INCIDENTS MENTIONED IN THE STUDY OCCURRED.

THE AP, DEC. 3

MM722PES

(ADVANCE)--NEW YORK, DEC. 6 (AP)--A NEW STUDY OF THE CAUSES OF THE PACIFIC WAR, TO BE PUBLISHED TOMORROW ON THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR, ASSERTS THAT JAPAN'S MILITARY CHIEFS LAUNCHED THE GREAT CONFLICT WITH "ALMOST NO HOPE" OF WINNING IT.

SOME OF THEM SAID SO OPENLY, SAYS DAVID J. LU, AUTHOR OF THE WORK, ENTITLED "FROM THE MARCO POLO BRIDGE TO PEARL HARBOR."

HE QUOTES THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE COMBINED FLEET, ADM. ISOROKU YAMAMOTO, AS SAYING:

"IF WE ARE TO FIGHT AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, WE MIGHT AS WELL BE PREPARED TO FIGHT THE WHOLE WORLD."

YAMAMOTO PREDICTED, LU WRITES, THAT TOKYO WOULD BE BURNED TO THE GROUND, NOT ONCE, BUT THREE TIMES.

OF THE ATTITUDE OF GEN. HIDEKI TOJO, THEN THE PRIME MINISTER, LU SAYS:

"(HE) WAS AWARE THAT JAPAN MIGHT NOT WIN THE WAR AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, BUT HE WAS WILLING TO GAMBLE THE FUTURE OF THE EMPIRE TO MAINTAIN THE SEMBLANCE OF UNITY FOR THE ARMY."

LU IS DIRECTOR OF THE INSTITUTE FOR ASIAN STUDIES AT BUCKNELL UNIVERSITY. HE LISTS AS SOURCES JAPANESE OFFICIAL RECORDS, PERSONAL CORRESPONDENCE OF JAPANESE LEADERS, THEIR MEMOIRS, AND STUDIES OF THE PERIOD IN OTHER LANGUAGES.

THE "MARCO POLO BRIDGE INCIDENT" TOOK PLACE ON THE NIGHT OF JULY 7, 1937. IT SIGNALLED THE START OF JAPAN'S ATTACK ON NORTH CHINA, AN OPERATION THAT SOON EXPANDED INTO GENERAL WAR WITH CHINA.

CHINA, IN TURN, BECAME ONE OF THE GREAT FACTORS THAT DRAGGED JAPAN INTO CONFLICT WITH THE UNITED STATES. LU SAYS THE JAPANESE HAD LITTLE HOPE OF DEFEATING THE UNITED STATES, AND WRITES:

"THERE WAS A GROWING AWARENESS IN THE MINDS OF JAPANESE LEADERS THAT ONCE THE CONFLICT WAS PROLONGED, JAPAN COULD NOT PIT ITS RESOURCES AGAINST THOSE OF THE UNITED STATES IN A WAR OF ATTRITION. ODDS WERE HEAVILY AGAINST THEM, YET THEY CHOSE WAR. WAS IT A NATIONAL 'HARA KIRI?' WHY DID JAPAN ENTER INTO WAR?"

AMONG THE MAJOR CAUSES CITED BY LU ARE:

1. THE JAPANESE ARMY'S INSISTENCE ON KEEPING TROOPS IN CHINA AND THE AMERICAN DEMAND THAT THEY BE WITHDRAWN AS A PREREQUISITE TO NEGOTIATIONS.

2. THE STRANGLING EFFECT OF AMERICAN ECONOMIC SANCTIONS. THE JAPANESE NAVY, LU SAYS, HAD OIL RESERVES SUFFICIENT FOR 18 MONTHS' OPERATIONS. HE QUOTES AN ADMIRAL AS SAYING "FOR EACH HOUR THAT JAPAN WAITED, THE NAVY WASTED 400 TONS OF OIL RESERVES." THE NAVY, THEREFORE, FELT THAT IT COULD NOT WAIT FOR THE OUTCOME OF PROLONGED DIPLOMATIC NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES.

3. THE FAILURE OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TO APPLY ECONOMIC SANCTIONS IN THE EARLY STAGES OF THE WAR BETWEEN JAPAN AND CHINA. "TO HAVE BEEN EFFECTIVE," LU WRITES, "THE EMBARGOES SHOULD HAVE BEEN IMPOSED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE OUTBREAK OF HOSTILITIES IN CHINA. OTHERWISE, THEY SHOULD HAVE BEEN DELAYED INDEFINITELY."

4. SECRETARY OF STATE CORDELL HULL'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THE PROPOSED MEETING, IN THE SUMMER OF 1941, BETWEEN PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND THE JAPANESE PREMIER, PRINCE FUMIMARO KONOYE. KONOYE HAD PROPOSED THE CONFERENCE. LU SAYS, "WITHOUT DISCOUNTING THE LIKELIHOOD OF A COMPLETE BREAKDOWN OF THE MEETING, THIS WRITER STILL BELIEVES THAT THE SURPRISE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR COULD NOT HAVE TAKEN PLACE ON DEC. 7, 1941, HAD THERE BEEN A MEETING OF THE TWO LEADERS."

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF THURSDAY, DEC. 7 MOVED NOV. 30.  
ZR/MC139AES



ASWX

(520) PMS BUDGET  
PEARL HARBOR-INVESTIGATIONS  
BY ELTON C. FAY

ASSOCIATED PRESS MILITARY AFFAIRS WRITER

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7 (AP)--THE PENTAGON CONSIDERS A CLOSED MATTER THE QUESTION OF WHY THE UNITED STATES WAS CAUGHT OFF GUARD AT PEARL HARBOR.

THE WORD TODAY--THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE SURPRISE JAPANESE ATTACK--IS THAT NO MORE OFFICIAL INVESTIGATIONS ARE EXPECTED.

AUTHORS CONTINUE TO WRITE BOOKS DEBATING THE ISSUES OF THAT DAY WHEN THE HIGH COMMAND AT HAWAII WAS SURPRISED BY THE STRIKE OF 300 PLANES FROM SIX JAPANESE CARRIERS AND MIDGET SUBMARINE ATTACKS.

BUT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT FORESEES NO MORE OFFICIAL PROBES INTO THE LONG AND HOTLY DEBATED SUBJECT OF WHO, IF ANYONE, WAS TO BLAME FOR THE TRAGIC MOMENT OF UNREADINESS.

THERE HAVE BEEN EIGHT OFFICIAL INQUIRIES. THE FIRST, ORDERED BY PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, WAS OPENED ONLY 12 DAYS AFTER THE ATTACK AND WAS CONDUCTED BY A COMMISSION HEADED BY SUPREME COURT JUSTICE OWEN J. ROBERTS. WHEN THAT INQUIRY WAS CONCLUDED THE FOLLOWING JAN. 23 THE RECORD AND TRANSCRIPTS COVERED 2,173 PAGES.

BETWEEN THEN AND THE END OF WORLD WAR II, THE NAVY AND ARMY CONDUCTED SIX MORE INQUIRIES INTO THE OVER-ALL SUBJECT OR PHASES OF IT. ALLEGATIONS AND TESTIMONY AT THOSE HEARINGS SERVED TO FOSTER MORE PUBLIC DEBATE.

IN NOVEMBER 1945, WITH THE WAR'S END MORE THAN THREE MONTHS PASSED AND WITH TESTIMONY AND EVIDENCE FROM FORMER ENEMY COMMANDERS BECOMING AVAILABLE, CONGRESS OPENED A FULL-SCALE INQUIRY.

A 10-MEMBER JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE, WITH A BATTERY OF SPECIAL COUNSEL AND EXPERTS, CONDUCTED THAT INQUIRY, COMPILING MOUNTAINS OF TESTIMONY AND A 492-PAGE REPORT.

THAT FINAL INQUIRY HAD THE ADVANTAGE BOTH OF MATERIAL FROM THE PREVIOUS SEVEN INVESTIGATIONS AND ITS OWN QUESTIONING OF MOST OF THE TOP MEN IN WASHINGTON AND PEARL HARBOR ON DEC. 7, 1941. THE EVIDENCE TAKEN BY THE JOINT COMMITTEE CAME NOT ONLY FROM MILITARY LEADERS BUT FROM DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS AND RECORDS SHOWING THE DIPLOMATIC BACKGROUND LEADING UP TO THE JAPANESE DECISION TO ATTACK THE UNITED STATES.

THE COMMITTEE'S REPORT SAID THAT "THE FIGURES AND WITNESSES IN THE DRAMA OF PEARL HARBOR RAN THE GAMUT OF OFFICIALS IN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT," INCLUDING ROOSEVELT; SECRETARY OF STATE CORDELL HULL; SECRETARY OF WAR HENRY L. STIMSON; SECRETARY OF THE NAVY FRANK KNOX; GEN. GEORGE C. MARSHALL, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF; ADM. HAROLD R. STARK, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS; REAR ADM. HUSBAND E. KIMMEL, COMMANDER OF THE PACIFIC FLEET, AND LT. GEN. WALTER C. SHORT, COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE HAWAIIAN DEPARTMENT.

MAJOR ATTENTION FOCUSED ON STARK AND ON KIMMEL AND SHORT, THE TOP RANKING OFFICERS AT THE SCENE.

THE ARMY REMOVED SHORT FROM HIS COMMAND. THE NAVY RULED THAT KIMMEL AND STARK THEREAFTER SHOULD "NOT HOLD ANY POSITION IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY WHICH REQUIRES THE EXERCISE OF SUPERIOR JUDGMENT."

THE POSSIBILITY OF COURT MARTIAL FOR THE TWO FORMER HAWAIIAN COMMANDERS, SHORT AND KIMMEL, WAS ENDED WHEN LIMITATIONS FOR LEGAL ACTION, SET BY A JOINT RESOLUTION OF CONGRESS, EXPIRED WITH THE FORMAL CONCLUSION OF HOSTILITIES.

THE JOINT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE, IN ITS SUMMARY OF FINDINGS, SAID THAT ERRORS MADE BY THE HAWAIIAN COMMANDS WERE "ERRORS OF JUDGMENT AND NOT DERELICTIONS OF DUTY."

THE COMMITTEE REPORTED IT FOUND NO EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT CHARGES, MADE DURING HEARINGS, THAT THE PRESIDENT, THE SECRETARY OF STATE OR THE SECRETARIES OF WAR OR NAVY "TRICKED, PROVOKED, INCITED, CAJOLED OR COERCED JAPAN INTO ATTACKING THIS NATION IN ORDER THAT A DECLARATION OF WAR MIGHT MORE EASILY BE OBTAINED FROM THE CONGRESS."

OTHER FINDINGS BY THE JOINT COMMITTEE WERE:

--THE PEARL HARBOR DISASTER "WAS THE FAILURE . . . OF THE ARMY AND NAVY TO INSTITUTE MEASURES DESIGNED TO DETECT AN APPROACHING HOSTILE FORCE, TO EFFECT A STATE OF READINESS COMMENSURATE WITH THE REALIZATION THAT WAR WAS AT HAND AND TO EMPLOY EVERY FACILITY AT THEIR COMMAND IN REPELLING THE JAPANESE."

--VIRTUALLY EVERYONE WAS SURPRISED THAT THE JAPANESE STRUCK PEARL HARBOR AT THE TIME SHE DID "YET OFFICERS, BOTH IN WASHINGTON AND HAWAII, WERE FULLY CONSCIOUS OF THE DANGER FROM AIR ATTACK; THEY REALIZED THIS FORM OF ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR BY JAPAN WAS AT LEAST A POSSIBILITY, AND THEY WERE ADEQUATELY INFORMED OF THE IMMINENCE OF WAR."

PB258AES

A110

TOKYO, FRIDAY, DEC 8 (AP)--JAPAN'S MASS CIRCULATION NEWSPAPER ASAHI SHIMBUN SAID TODAY JAPAN'S PEARL HARBOR ATTACK 20 YEARS AGO WAS A GREATER SURPRISE TO THE JAPANESE THAN TO THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH PEOPLE.

IN A COMMENTARY ON THE BEGINNING OF PACIFIC WAR, ASAHI SAID "IT IS A HISTORY OF DISGRACE FOR DEMOCRACY THAT THE DECLARATION OF WAR WHICH IS SO SERIOUSLY CONNECTED WITH THE FUTURE OF A NATION COULD BE PLANNED ARBITRARILY AND SECRETLY BY A HANDFUL OF MILITARY AND ADMINISTRATIVE LEADERS."

"TODAY THE JAPANESE PEOPLE ARE A PEACE-LOVING NATION AND THERE WON'T BE ANY MORE WORRY THAT JAPAN BECOMES THE AUTHOR OF WAR."

MF750PES

A141WX

ADVANCE FOR 9:30 P. M. EST TONIGHT

(270) HOOVER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 7 (AP)--FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER SAID TONIGHT HE "WOULD RATHER BE DEAD THAN RED."

"WE ARE AT WAR WITH THE COMMUNISTS," HE SAID, "AND THE SOONER EVERY RED-BLOODED AMERICAN REALIZES THIS THE SAFER WE WILL BE."

HOOVER MADE THE STATEMENTS IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A DINNER AT WHICH HE RECEIVED A \$10,000 AWARD FROM AN INSURANCE COMPANY FOR "HIS OUTSTANDING CONTRIBUTION TO THE PERSONAL SECURITY AND SAFETY OF THE AMERICAN PUBLIC."

NOTING THAT THIS IS THE 20TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE JAPANESE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR, HOOVER SAID THE NATION NOW FACES A NEW MENACE--INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM.

"ACTUALLY THERE IS LITTLE BASIC DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE FASCISM OF ADOLF HITLER AND THE ATHEISTIC TYRANNY PRACTICED BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN," HE SAID. "THE SOVIET UNION AND HER SATELLITES ARE A GODLESS DICTATORSHIP RULED BY WARPED AND TWISTED MINDS. . . ."

"NATURALLY WE WANT TO LIVE IN PEACE, BUT WE DO NOT WANT PEACE AT ANY PRICE--WE WANT PEACE WITH HONOR AND INTEGRITY. AND WE INTEND TO ASSURE IT FOR THE FUTURE."

BESIDES LASHING OUT AT COMMUNISTS ABROAD, THE FBI DIRECTOR ATTACKED THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES, COMMUNIST SYMPATHIZERS AND APOLOGISTS.

"FEAR, APOLOGIES, DEFEATISM AND COWARDICE ARE ALIEN TO THE THINKING OF TRUE AMERICANS," HOOVER SAID. "AS FOR ME, I WOULD RATHER BE DEAD THAN RED."

HOOVER SAID THE FBI ALSO IS CONDUCTING AN ALL-OUT WAR ON ORGANIZED CRIME. BUT, AS IN THE CASE OF COMMUNISM, HE SAID HIS AGENCY NEEDS THE ASSISTANCE OF ALL CITIZENS IN COMBATTING THIS MENACE.

THE AWARD HOOVER RECEIVED IS KNOWN AS THE CRISS AWARD, NAMED IN HONOR OF THE LATE DR. C. C. CRISS, FOUNDER OF THE MUTUAL OF OMAHA INSURANCE FIRM.

CR930PES

A119WX (ADV)

(530)

ADVANCE FOR PMS OF THURSDAY, DEC. 7--EDITORS: NOTE DATE  
U. S. MILITARY  
BY ELTON C. FAY  
ASSOCIATED PRESS MILITARY AFFAIRS WRITER



30.24-2461

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, DEC. 7 (AP)—IF YOU JUST COUNT MEN, SHIPS AND GUNS, THE U. S. MILITARY ISN'T MUCH BIGGER NOW THAN WHEN WAR CAME 20 YEARS AGO TODAY AT PEARL HARBOR. ACTUALLY, THE ARMY THEN HAD MORE MEN AND MORE DIVISIONS. THE SIZE OF THE COMBAT FLEET THEN AND NOW IS NOT DRASTICALLY DIFFERENT. BUT THERE ARE DIFFERENCES--BIG ONES. THE TOTAL FIREPOWER OF TODAY'S MEN UNDER ARMS IS THOUSANDS OF TIMES GREATER BY REASON OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS. WHAT DID THE U. S. ARMED FORCES HAVE WHEN THE JAPANESE HIT PEARL HARBOR AND THE PHILIPPINES 20 YEARS AGO AND WHAT DO THEY HAVE NOW? IN ROUND NUMBERS, THE MANPOWER THEN WAS 2,060,000; TODAY IT IS

2,800,000. THE ARMY HAD 1,640,000 MEN, 36 DIVISIONS. TODAY, ARMY MANPOWER IS 1,100,000, THE NUMBER OF DIVISIONS 16. THE ARMY OF PEARL HARBOR DAY INCLUDED, HOWEVER, 298,000 MEN IN THE ARMY AIR CORPS. THE INDEPENDENT AIR FORCE OF TODAY HAS 880,000 MEN. THE ARMY AIR FORCES OF 20 YEARS AGO HAD 12,000 PLANES OF ALL TYPES; THE PRESENT USAF HAS AN INVENTORY OF 20,000 AIRCRAFT. ON THE MORNING OF DEC. 7, 1941, THE NAVY HAD 345 COMBAT SHIPS IN OPERATION--INCLUDING EIGHT CARRIERS, 17 BATTLESHIPS, 37 CRUISERS, 172 DESTROYERS AND 111 SUBMARINES. THIRTEEN WERE KNOCKED OUT OF OPERATION BY JAPANESE PLANES WHICH STRUCK THE FLEET ANCHORAGE AT PEARL HARBOR. THE MAJOR COMBAT FLEET TODAY IS COMPOSED OF 381 WARSHIPS, INCLUDING 26 CARRIERS, 13 CRUISERS, 225 DESTROYERS AND ABOUT 120 SUBMARINES, AMONG THEM SIX POLARIS MISSILE SUBS. BATTLESHIPS ARE OUT OF STYLE. U. S. ARMED FORCES WERE IN MODERATELY GOOD SIZE AT THE START OF THE WAR BECAUSE THE POSSIBILITY THIS COUNTRY WOULD BECOME INVOLVED HAD BEEN FORESEEN WHEN THE EUROPEAN CONFLICT BEGAN IN 1939. ONLY THE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR WAS A SURPRISE. PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT ALREADY HAD BEGUN EXPANDING THE ARMY, BUILDING MORE SHIPS AND PLANES AS THE BATTLE RAGED IN EUROPE. IN THOSE DAYS, THE ARMY'S ARTILLERY WAS BUILT AROUND SUCH ORDNANCE AS THE 155 MILLIMETER HOWITZER, THE EIGHT-INCH HOWITZER AND 240 MILLIMETER HOWITZER, FIRING, OF COURSE, CONVENTIONAL AMMUNITION AT CONVENTIONAL BATTLEFIELD RANGES.

TODAY, THE ARMY'S ORDNANCE INCLUDES A FAMILY OF MISSILES USING ATOMIC WARHEADS, WITH RANGES OF UP TO 200 MILES. IN THE NAVY, THE BATTLESHIP WAS QUEEN. HER 16-INCH GUNS COULD LOB A SHELL UP TO 20 MILES. THE EIGHT CARRIERS IN THE FLEET WERE RATED SECOND IN THE CATEGORY OF CAPITAL SHIPS--UNTIL THE PACIFIC CAMPAIGNS QUICKLY PROVED THEIR MAJOR VALUE IN AIR STRIKES ON ENEMY WARSHIPS AND LAND TARGETS. TODAY, CARRIERS AND BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBMARINES ARE PRIME. BOTH DELIVER NUCLEAR WEAPONS. POLARIS SUBMARINES CAN PUT NUCLEAR DEVICES EQUAL TO 16 MILLION TONS OF TNT ON TARGETS MORE THAN 1,500 MILES AWAY. THE BIGGEST OPERATIONAL PLANE OF THE ARMY AIR FORCES WAS THE B17. IT COULD CARRY A FIVE-TON LOAD, HAD A RANGE OF 2,250 MILES. TODAY'S B52 HAS A RANGE OF MORE THAN 10,000 MILES, AND AERIAL REFUELING CAN EXTEND THAT BY THOUSANDS OF MILES. THE B52 REPORTEDLY CAN CARRY TWO 20 MEGATON NUCLEAR BOMBS. THE TOTAL EXPLOSIVE FORCE OF A THERMONUCLEAR BOMB EXCEEDS THAT OF ALL "IRON" BOMBS DROPPED BY THE BELLIGERENTS OF WORLD WAR II. THE BLAST DESTRUCTION AREA OF A 20 MEGATON BOMB IS MEASURED IN MILES. THE "BLOCK-BUSTER" BOMBS OF WORLD WAR II SPREAD DESTRUCTION HUNDREDS OF FEET.

TODAY'S MILITARY MAN HAS THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE AND ITS SMALLER BROTHERS. IT WOULD TAKE ONLY 30 MINUTES FOR A ROCKET TO TRAVEL FROM RUSSIA TO THE UNITED STATES--OR THE OTHER WAY AROUND. RADAR WAS IN ITS INFANCY WHEN JAPAN LAUNCHED HER CARRIER-BASED STRIKE AT PEARL HARBOR. ORDNANCE WAS OPTICALLY AIMED. TODAY, RADAR IS BASIC TO EVEN SMALL FIELD ARTILLERY AND MORTAR FIRE. AND THE

UNITED STATES RELIES ON RADAR FOR THE FEW MINUTES POSSIBLE WARNING OF ICBM ATTACK.

BUT MANY OF THE WEAPONS USED TODAY ARE LIKE THOSE IN THE HANDS OF FIGHTING MEN WHEN THIS COUNTRY ENTERED WORLD WAR II. ONLY IN RECENT MONTHS HAS THE ARMY BEGUN TO RECEIVE THE M14 RIFLE, TO REPLACE WEAPONS USED 20 YEARS AGO AND EARLIER.

(END ADVANCE FOR AFTERNOON NEWSPAPERS OF THURSDAY, DEC. 7)  
PB919AES

A91KX

URGENT

VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., DEC. 7 (AP)—A STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND MISSILE COMBAT CREW SUCCESSFULLY LAUNCHED AN ATLAS INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTICS MISSILE TODAY. IT WAS THE SECOND SUCH SUCCESS IN EIGHT DAYS.

THE LAUNCHING WAS DESCRIBED BY THE AIR FORCE AS AN OPERATIONAL AND TESTING WORKOUT. THE ATLAS WAS RAISED FROM A HORIZONTAL EMPLACEMENT PRIOR TO LAUNCHING.

BRIG. GEN. ROGER M. CROW, COMMANDER OF THE 392ND STRATEGIC MISSILE WING AT VANDENBERG, SAID THE LAUNCHING WAS BY MEMBERS OF THE 576TH STRATEGIC MISSILE SQUADRON.

THE AIR FORCE GAVE NO FURTHER DETAILS.

VX607PCS

A142WX

(370) PENTAGON SLIPUP

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7 (AP)—AN ARTICLE IN A NAVY JOURNAL CRITICIZING DEFENSE DEPARTMENT POLICIES ESCAPED THE PENTAGON'S REVIEW OFFICIALS THROUGH A MISUNDERSTANDING.

A DEFENSE SPOKESMAN, ANSWERING QUESTIONS TODAY BY NEWSMEN ABOUT AN ARTICLE BY CAPT. J. V. NOEL IN THE SEMI-OFFICIAL UNITED STATES NAVAL INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS, HAD THESE COMMENTS:

--THE ARTICLE SHOULD HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED FOR CLEARANCE TO THE DIRECTORATE OF SECURITY REVIEW IN LINE WITH NAVAL REGULATIONS.

--IT WAS NOT.

--THE AUTHOR BELIEVED THE EDITORS HAD SUBMITTED THE COPY FOR REVIEW: THE EDITORS BELIEVED THE AUTHOR HAD DONE SO.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID PUBLICATION WITHOUT CLEARANCE CAME ABOUT

THE SPOKESMAN SAID PUBLICATION WITHOUT CLEARANCE CAME ABOUT THROUGH MISUNDERSTANDING AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAD "NOT MADE AN ISSUE OF IT."

BUT THE SPOKESMAN MADE IT CLEAR THAT THE ARTICLE CAME WITHIN THE REQUIREMENT THAT SUCH MATERIAL, WRITTEN BY A MILITARY OFFICER FOR PUBLICATION, SHOULD BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW.

AT LEAST TWO ARTICLES, WRITTEN MORE THAN A YEAR AGO FOR THE AIR FORCE'S "QUARTERLY REVIEW" JOURNAL HAVE NEVER APPEARED IN PRINT FOLLOWING SUBMISSION TO THE REVIEW OFFICE.

ASSISTANT DEFENSE SECRETARY ARTHUR SYLVESTER, IN CHARGE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS, ISSUED A MEMORANDUM LAST WEEK SETTING UP PROCEDURE FOR APPEALING FROM DECISIONS OF THE REVIEW OFFICE.

IF DISPUTES CANNOT BE SETTLED BY DISCUSSIONS WITH THE REVIEW OFFICE, AUTHORS MAY APPEAL TO SYLVESTER. IF NO AGREEMENT IS REACHED, THE APPEAL THEN GOES TO THE SECRETARY OR DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

NOEL IS SKIPPER OF THE GUIDED MISSILE CRUISER SPRINGFIELD AND A 1936 GRADUATE OF THE NAVAL ACADEMY. HIS ARTICLE, ENTITLED "THE NAVY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE," SAYS AMONG OTHER THINGS THAT:

THE NAVY, "AS A RECOGNIZABLE, DISTINCT OFFICIAL ENTITY, IS THREATENED WITH ECLIPSE BY A BURGEONING, ALL-POWERFUL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE." THE TENDENCY OF DEFENSE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HE SAID, IS "TO ALLY



THEMSELVES WITH THE BUREAU OF THE BUDGET OR THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE INSTEAD OF WITH THE SERVICES" AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT "OFTEN TENDS TO ALIGN ITSELF WITH THOSE WHO WOULD DIMINISH COMBAT READINESS IN THE NAME OF ECONOMY, OR REDUCE A LONG ESTABLISHED BENEFIT TO MILITARY PERSONNEL."

A "PUBLIC FICTION HAS BEEN PRESERVED THAT THE ANNUAL MILITARY BUDGET REFLECTS MILITARY REQUIREMENTS. ACTUALLY, A FINITE DOLLAR LIMIT FOR DEFENSE EXPENDITURES IS ESTABLISHED BY THE PRESIDENT AND MILITARY REQUIREMENTS ARE ADJUSTED TO FIT THIS LIMIT," THE ARTICLE SAID.

CR938PES

B100KX (Q)(TOP) (DC FW)  
0250) SECOND N.L. PROBE

BY JOHN KOMEN

FT. LEWIS, WASH., DEC. 7 (AP)--"THE QUICKER THE CONGRESSMEN LEAVE AND LET THE ARMY TAKE OVER THE BETTER THINGS WILL BE," REP. LESTER R. JOHNSON, D-WIS., SAID TONIGHT AFTER COMPLETING A TOUR OF THIS POST WHERE THE 32ND INFANTRY DIVISION IS TRAINING.

JOHNSON AND THREE FELLOW REPRESENTATIVES FROM WISCONSIN COMMENTED AT A RECEPTION AND DINNER GIVEN FOR THEM AT AN OFFICERS' CLUB HERE.

REP. VERNON W. THOMSON, (CQ), REPUBLICAN AND FORMER GOVERNOR OF THE BADGER STATE, SAID SOME MEMBERS OF THE 32ND ARE "REALLY BRISTLING ABOUT SOME OF THINGS SAID ABOUT THEM."

THOMSON AND TWO OTHER WISCONSIN CONGRESSMEN WHO TOURED THE MUCH PUBLICIZED 32ND TODAY SAID MORALE WAS HIGH AMONG THE WISCONSIN CITIZEN-SOLDIERS, A FORMER NATIONAL GUARD OUTFIT.

BUT REP. CLEMENT ZABLOCKI, DEMOCRAT, SAID MORALE WAS "VERY LOW" AMONG THE SO-CALLED FILLERS--RESERVISTS CALLED IN FROM OTHER STATES TO BOLSTER THE 32ND'S RANKS.

ZABLOCKI CHARGED AN ACCUSATION OF "INCREDIBLE MISMANAGEMENT" MADE AGAINST THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT BY REP. MELVIN LAIRD, R-WIS., WAS OF ITSELF "GROSS NEGLIGENCE."

A THIRD WISCONSIN REPRESENTATIVE WHO MADE A TOUR TODAY, REPUBLICAN WILLIAM K. VAN PELT, SAID THAT HE FOUND NO COMPLAINTS AMONG THE RANKS AND NO HARDSHIP CASES.

VAN PELT, HOWEVER, SAID HE AGREED WITH LAIRD'S VIEWS WHEN LAIRD CRITICIZED THE LENGTH OF TIME IT TOOK TO MAKE FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR NATIONAL GUARD UNITS CALLED TO ACTIVE DUTY.

LAIRD EXPRESSED HIS VIEWS AT A PRESS CONFERENCE HERE YESTERDAY AS HE ENDED A TOUR OF THE POST.

THOMSON PRAISED THE 32ND AND THE JOB IT HAS DONE IN CHANGING TO AN ACTIVE DUTY STATUS.

"THIS WAS A TREMENDOUS OPERATION--MOVING EQUIPMENT, DEPLOYING THESE CITIZEN-SOLDIERS, PACKING THIS GEAR AND MOVING ACROSS THE CONTINENT AND GETTING IT INTO OPERATION," THOMSON SAID.

THOMSON AND JOHNSON SPENT ABOUT FOUR HOURS VISITING UNITS FROM THEIR CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS IN TRAINING AT THE YAKIMA FIRING RANGE EAST OF THE CASCADE MOUNTAINS TODAY.

THOMSON VISITED TROOPS FROM VIROQUE, HIS HOME TOWN, AND REEDSBURG. JOHNSON VISITED AN OUTFIT FROM BLACK RIVER FALLS.

A PRESS CONFERENCE TENTATIVELY SET FOR LATE TODAY FELL THROUGH. THE FOUR CONGRESSMEN DECLINED TO DISCUSS THEIR OBSERVATIONS WITH NEWSMEN.

THEY ALL PLAN TO LEAVE EARLY TOMORROW BY PLANE FOR WISCONSIN.

THEY ARRIVED TUESDAY NIGHT AFTER TWO OTHER WISCONSIN CONGRESSMEN AND A U.S. SENATOR FROM THAT STATE INSPECTED THE BIG BASE.

THEIR TOURS WERE MADE AFTER COMPLAINTS WERE RECEIVED FROM SOME MEMBERS OF THE 32ND ABOUT CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THEY BEGAN TRAINING.

MAJ. GEN. HERBERT A. SMITH, COMMANDER OF THE 32ND, WAS TO LEAVE TONIGHT AFTER THE RECEPTION TO ATTEND A REFRESHER COURSE IN THE COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF SCHOOL AT FT. LEAVENWORTH, KAN.

A PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER SAID ABOUT 5,000 MEN HAD BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GO HOME FOR CHRISTMAS. HE SAID ABOUT 12 TO 13 PER CENT OF THOSE STAYING HAVE FAMILIES LIVING IN THE AREA.

NY936PCS

E30WX Q

(360) DRAFT REJECTIONS

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7 (AP)--A SELECTIVE SERVICE SPOKESMAN EXPLAINED TODAY WHY ABOUT SEVEN DRAFT CALLS MUST BE ISSUED TO GET TWO SOLDIERS INTO THE RANKS.

COL. BERNARD T. FRANCK III, SELECTIVE SERVICE'S PUBLIC INFORMATION CHIEF, SAID PHYSICAL AND MENTAL DEFICIENCIES ARE BY FAR THE MOST IMPORTANT ELEMENT IN THIS SEVEN-TO-GET-TWO PATTERN BUT THERE ARE OTHER FACTORS THAT KEEP MEN FROM BEING DRAFTED AFTER GETTING THEIR CALLS. FOREMOST AMONG THESE ARE VOLUNTARY ENLISTMENTS AND RECLASSIFICATION PRIOR TO INDUCTION.

PRESIDENT KENNEDY SAID IN A SPEECH IN NEW YORK TUESDAY NIGHT: "THE SITUATION TODAY IS THAT, TO GET TWO SOLDIERS, THE U. S. ARMY MUST CALL UP SEVEN MEN. . . . TO GET THE 196,000 ADDITIONAL MEN FOR THE BERLIN CRISIS, THE GOVERNMENT HAD TO CALL UP 755,000 MEN. AND THE REJECTION RATE IS INCREASING EACH YEAR."

THE PRESIDENT SAID ALSO THAT OF THE FIVE REJECTED THREE ARE TURNED DOWN FOR PHYSICAL REASONS AND TWO FOR MENTAL DISABILITIES. AS SELECTIVE SERVICE AND THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAVE CONSISTENTLY SAID REJECTIONS OF REGISTRANTS RUN ABOUT 50 PER CENT ON PHYSICAL AND MENTAL GROUNDS, SELECTIVE SERVICE WAS ASKED ABOUT THIS APPARENT DISCREPANCY. FRANCK EXPLAINED IT THIS WAY:

"SELECTIVE SERVICE FIGURES THAT IT MUST PROVIDE 755,000 YOUNG MEN FROM LOCAL BOARDS IN ORDER TO NET THE 196,000, ON THE BASIS OF PAST EXPERIENCE. "THE 755,000 ARE GIVEN PRE-INDUCTION EXAMINATIONS WHICH RESULT, BECAUSE OF THE REJECTION RATE, IN A REDUCTION OF THE TOTAL BY ALMOST HALF. THEN THERE IS A LOSS OF ABOUT 25 PER CENT THROUGH VOLUNTARY ENLISTMENT AND RECLASSIFICATION PRIOR TO INDUCTION.

"THE REMAINDER ARE RE-EXAMINED AT THE TIME THEY REPORT FOR INDUCTION, WITH ANOTHER 5 TO 10 PER CENT BEING REJECTED ON PHYSICAL AND MENTAL GROUNDS. "THE PRODUCT, ON THE BASIS OF OUR EXPERIENCE, WOULD BE ABOUT 196,000 MEN ACTUALLY INDUCTED."

FRANCK SAID EXPERIENCE HAD SHOWN THAT, OUT OF EVERY FIVE ACTUAL REJECTIONS, THREE ARE ON PHYSICAL GROUNDS AND TWO ON MENTAL. MEN WHO ENLIST VOLUNTARILY OR ARE RECLASSIFIED BEFORE INDUCTION ARE NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAVING BEEN REJECTED BUT DO FIGURE IN THE SEVEN-TO-GET-TWO FORMULA ON WHICH SELECTIVE SERVICE FEELS IT MUST OPERATE.

LT343PES

A20

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN (55)

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, DEC. 7 (AP)--A NEW AMERICAN BATTLE GROUP BEGAN ROLLING INTO WEST BERLIN TODAY. DESPITE COMMUNIST THREATS, THERE WAS NO INTERFERENCE WITH ITS MOTOR MARCH ACROSS RED-RULED EAST GERMANY. UNIT

THE ~~UNIT~~ THAT ARRIVED WAS COMPANY E, 1ST BATTLE GROUP, 19TH INFANTRY. ITS 25 JEEPS AND TRUCKS TOOK 6 HOURS AND 20 MINUTES TO DO THE 110 MILES FROM HELMSTEDT, IN WEST GERMANY, TO WEST BERLIN. NEARLY HALF THE TIME WAS SPENT GOING THROUGH SOVIET CHECKPOINTS AT EITHER END OF THE HIGHWAY. THIS IS ABOUT NORMAL FOR THE METICULOUS EXAMINATION GIVEN TO OFFICIAL PAPERS BY SOVIET TROOPS.

CAPT. JOHN B. KEELEY, THE COMPANY'S 32-YEAR-OLD COMMANDER FROM WEST BEND, WIS., SAID HE SAW "QUITE A FEW" OF EAST GERMANY'S GREEN-UNIFORMED PEOPLE'S POLICE ON THE FOUR-LANE HIGHWAY. THE AMERICANS, AS USUAL, IGNORED THE EAST GERMANS--THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT RECOGNIZE THEIR COMMUNIST REGIME.

YESTERDAY, OTTO WINZER OF THE EAST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTRY ASSERTED THAT NEITHER HIS GOVERNMENT NOR THE SOVIET UNION HAD EVER GUARANTEED FREE ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN FOR "NATO TROOPS." THE



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19TH IS PART OF THE FORCES IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION WHILE IT IS IN WEST GERMANY. BUT U.S. OFFICIALS IN PARIS, NATO HEADQUARTERS, SAID TODAY AMERICAN TROOPS AUTOMATICALLY STOP BEING NATO TROOPS WHEN THEY LEAVE HELMSTEDT. NEITHER EAST GERMANY NOR BERLIN IS NATO TERRITORY.

THE GROUP THAT STARTED INTO BERLIN TODAY WILL REPLACE THE 1ST BATTLE GROUP, 18TH INFANTRY. PRESIDENT KENNEDY CALLED THE 1,500 MEN OF THAT OUTFIT TO REINFORCE THE 5,000-MEN AMERICAN GARRISON IN BERLIN MORE THAN THREE MONTHS AGO, WHILE THE COMMUNISTS WERE BUILDING THEIR WALL THROUGH THE CITY.

THE 19TH INFANTRY HAS HISTORY. IT WAS UNDER JAPANESE FIRE IN THE ATTACK ON PEARL HARBOR, JUST 20 YEARS AGO TODAY. IT WAS PART OF THE 24TH DIVISION, THE FIRST AMERICAN UNIT SENT TO KOREA WHEN THAT WAR STARTED IN 1950.

THERE WAS NO GLOOM AMONG THE 200 MEN WHO ARRIVED AT "CHECKPOINT BRAVO" IN BERLIN'S EARLY WINTER DUSK. ONLY LT. COL. WILLIAM J. HERMAN, THE BATTLE GROUP'S JOVIAL DEPUTY COMMANDER FROM (103 SOUTH MAIN ST.) SOUTH NORWALK, CONN., TURNED SERIOUS WHEN REMINDED OF THE PAST.

"BERLIN IS GETTING A FIRST CLASS OUTFIT," WAS HIS COMMENT. ONE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE UNIT LISTED ON THE OFFICIAL ORDERS WAS "PRIVATE LEGS"--A BROWN-AND-WHITE DOG OF MIXED ANCESTRY. HER LEGS ARE A GOOD DEAL WHITER THAN THE REST AND HER MOST CONSPICUOUS FEATURE. ALL THIS WAS EXPLAINED TO A RUSSIAN LIEUTENANT COLONEL, WHO SMILED AND SAID SOMETHING THAT SOUNDED TO THE AMERICANS LIKE "QUITE CUTE."

NOTES OF FOREBODING WERE SOUNDED BY THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS. THEIR OFFICIAL PARTY ORGAN PUBLISHED A SPEECH TODAY BY GEN. HEINZ HOFFMANN, EAST GERMAN DEFENSE MINISTER, CALLING FOR MORE ATTENTION TO MILITARY PRODUCTION.

PEACE-TIME INDUSTRY SHOULD DEVELOP IN SUCH A WAY, HE TOLD THE PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE, THAT IT CAN BE CONVERTED TO WAR USE WITH THE LEAST POSSIBLE CHANGE.

THE COMMUNISTS FOUND AN OMINOUS EXPLANATION, TOO, FOR THE ESCAPE OF A LOCOMOTIVE AND AN EIGHT-CAR COMMUTER TRAIN WITH 25 EAST GERMANS ABOARD TUESDAY NIGHT. THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN SAID IT WAS ALL A PLOT BY MAYOR WILLY BRANDT'S WEST BERLIN CITY GOVERNMENT.

ADN'S EXPLANATION WAS THAT THE WEST BERLINERS WERE TRYING TO WRECK THE HAMBURG-BERLIN EXPRESS, WHICH WAS DUE ALONG THE SAME LINE ABOUT THAT TIME. ADN SAID NOTHING ABOUT THE EAST GERMANS WHO WERE HAPPILY LODGED IN WEUT BERLIN'S MARIENFELDE REFUGEE CAMP TODAY.

THE COMMUNISTS PULLED UP A STRETCH OF TRACK ALONG THE ESCAPE ROUTE TODAY, STRUNG BARBED WIRE ACROSS THE LINE AND REROUTED ALL HAMBURG-BERLIN TRAINS.

DR154PFS

A132

FIRST LEAD ESCAPES A104 (110)  
BERLIN, DEC. 7 (AP)--SEVEN YOUNG GERMANS ESCAPED FROM RED-RULED EAST BERLIN TODAY THROUGH SEWERS AND THE NEAR-FREEZING WATERS OF A CANAL.

FOUR YOUNG MEN AND A GIRL CRAWLED HUNDREDS OF FEET THROUGH A SEWER. THEY WERE RESCUED WHEN A WEST BERLIN POLICEMAN SAW A MANHOLE COVER MOVING ON A STREET JUST 20 FEET TO THE WEST OF THE COMMUNIST WALL.

AS EAST GERMAN POLICE WATCHED HELPLESSLY FROM THE BARRIER, THE ESCAPERS, AGED 19 TO 21, WERE PULLED OUT TO SAFETY.

HOURS LATER TWO 16-YEAR-OLD GIRLS MADE A NIGHTTIME SWIM TO REACH THE WEST BERLIN SIDE OF A CANAL, APPARENTLY HIDDEN FROM COMMUNIST GUARDS BY DARKNESS.

THE TREMBLING YOUNGSTERS WERE TAKEN TO A HOSPITAL.

(NO PICKUP)

FV900PES

A43

AMS BUDGET  
EAST-WEST (570)

BY JOSEPH E. DYNAN

PARIS, DEC. 7 (AP)--WESTERN DIPLOMATS TODAY BEGAN A SERIES OF HIGH LEVEL CONFERENCES IN SEARCH OF A JOINT POSITION ON BERLIN, AS A PRELUDE TO A POSSIBLE NEW ROUND OF NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

WITH PRESIDENT DE GAULLE STEADFASTLY OPPOSED TO ANY WESTERN INITIATIVE AT THIS TIME, AND OPPOSED TO ANY NEGOTIATION LIMITED TO BERLIN ALONE, THE CHANCES OF AGREEMENT ARE SLIGHT.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN, ON THE OTHER HAND, AND PERHAPS EVEN WEST GERMANY AS WELL, FAVOR SOME SORT OF APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS IN AN EFFORT TO COOL DOWN THE TENSE BERLIN SITUATION. BEFORE THEY CAN TAKE ON THE RUSSIANS AT THE CONFERENCE TABLE, THEY MUST FIRST CONVINCE FRANCE THAT THIS IS A WISE COURSE.

THE FORTHCOMING WEEK WILL SEE THE YEARLY CONCLAVE OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC (NATO) FOREIGN, FINANCE AND DEFENSE MINISTERS TO DISCUSS AND APPROVE NATO'S SO-CALLED ANNUAL REVIEW--A RECOUNTING OF WHAT HAS BEEN ACCOMPLISHED FOR WESTERN DEFENSE IN THE PAST YEAR, AND WHAT'S TO BE DONE IN THE COMING 12 MONTHS.

IF THE BIG THREE WESTERN POWERS AND WEST GERMANY SHOULD REACH AGREEMENT ON THEIR POLICY IN THE BERLIN CRISIS, THIS WOULD ALSO BE SUBMITTED TO THE NATO MINISTERS FOR ENDORSEMENT OF THE 15-MEMBER ALLIANCE.

DEPUTIES FOR THE WESTERN BIG THREE AND WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTERS GOT THE WEEK'S ACTIVITY OFF TO A START THIS MORNING IN AN EXAMINATION OF QUESTIONS WHICH WILL CONFRONT THEIR MINISTERS MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

FOY KOHLER, DEPUTY UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE FOR EUROPEAN AFFAIRS, SAT IN FOR THE UNITED STATES. WITH HIM WERE JEAN LALOY, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS IN THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY, EVELYN SCHUCKBURGH, DEPUTY UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE IN THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE, AND KARL CARSTENS, WEST GERMAN STATE SECRETARY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

THE MINISTERS THEMSELVES ASSEMBLE IN THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY MONDAY MORNING.

IN THE MEANTIME, THROUGH MOST OF SATURDAY, CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER OF WEST GERMANY, WILL MEET WITH DE GAULLE. THE STATED PURPOSE OF THESE TALKS IS ADENAUER'S REPORT ON HIS RECENT CONFERENCES IN WASHINGTON WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

THE FRENCH EXPECT THE CHANCELLOR WILL EXPLAIN VARIOUS AGREEMENTS ON DIPLOMATIC STRATEGY REPORTED ACHIEVED IN WASHINGTON, AND REQUEST DE GAULLE'S ENDORSEMENT.

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, BRITAIN AND WEST GERMANY MEET MONDAY AND TUESDAY. IF ADENAUER HAS BEEN ABLE TO INFLUENCE DE GAULLE'S POSITION, THIS WILL SHOW IN THE ATTITUDE OF FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE.

JUST TWO DAYS AGO COUVE DE MURVILLE TOOK THE FORUM OF THE FRENCH SENATE TO REITERATE DE GAULLE'S HARD LINE ON BERLIN AND GERMANY. OBVIOUSLY SPEAKING AS MUCH TO WESTERN STATESMEN AS TO FRENCH SENATORS, COUVE DE MURVILLE WARNED THAT NEGOTIATION LIMITED TO THE BERLIN QUESTION ALONE MIGHT LEAVE THINGS EVEN MORE TENSE THAN THEY ARE NOW.

ECHOING DE GAULLE'S WELL-KNOWN SENTIMENTS, HE SAID, IN EFFECT, THAT SINCE IT IS RUSSIA WHICH WANTS TO CHANGE THE STATUS QUO AT BERLIN, IT IS UP TO RUSSIA TO MAKE THE FIRST MOVE TOWARD BIG FOUR TALKS AND TO PROPOSE SOMETHING THE OTHERS MIGHT



ACCEPT.

IN BRIEF, DE GAULLE DOES NOT THINK THE TIME IS RIPE FOR TALKS WITH THE RUSSIANS. IF THE OTHER WESTERN POWERS THINK IT IS, THEN THEY HAVE THEIR CHANCE IN THE COMING WEEK TO CONVINCE HIM.

0B340PES

WITH PARIS A43 (130)

LONDON, DEC 7 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN SUGGESTED TONIGHT A WESTERN SUMMIT CONFERENCE WOULD BE A MORE CONVENIENT ARRANGEMENT THAN THE CURRENT SERIES OF MAN-TO-MAN MEETINGS IN WHICH THE FOUR ALLIED LEADERS ARE ENGAGED.

COMMENTING IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, MACMILLAN STOPPED SHORT, HOWEVER, OF PUBLICLY PROPOSING A MEETING WHICH WOULD PUT HIM AT THE TABLE WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY, PRESIDENT DE GAULLE AND CHANCELLOR ADENAUER.

PURPOSE OF SUCH A MEETING WOULD BE THE SAME AS THE CURRENT ROUND OF DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITIES IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY ARE ENGAGED--TO HAMMER OUT AN AGREED WESTERN POSITION ON BERLIN. MACMILLAN SAID:

"WHILE I AGREE IT WOULD BE MORE CONVENIENT IF WE ALL MET TOGETHER AT THE SAME TIME, THERE ARE SOME DIFFICULTIES IN ARRANGING THIS, AND SOME OBJECTIONS TO THE GREAT AMOUNT OF PUBLICITY ATTACHED TO A MEETING OF THAT KIND AT THIS STAGE."

HF743PES

A134

(160)

MOSCOW, DEC 7 (AP)-A SOVIET MAGAZINE TODAY RIPPED INTO PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S CONTENTION THAT WEST GERMANY CONSTITUTES NO THREAT TO WORLD PEACE.

THE OFFICIAL FOREIGN AFFAIRS MAGAZINE, NEW TIMES, SAID "THE SOVIET PEOPLE WILL NOT BE LULLED BY TALES ABOUT THE HARMLESSNESS AND IMPOTENCE OF GERMAN MILITARISM.

"IT IS HARMLESS AND IMPOTENT ONLY AS LONG AS PEACE-LOVING PEOPLE REMAIN VIGILANT AND CAN AT ANY MOMENT CURB ITS AGGRESSIVENESS AND PROTECT PEACE AGAINST ITS DESIGNS."

IT WAS ONE OF A SERIES OF ARTICLES WHICH HAVE APPEARED DISPUTING POINTS PRESIDENT KENNEDY MADE IN HIS INTERVIEW WITH IZVESTIA EDITOR ALEXEI ADZHUBEI, PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S SON IN LAW.

THE ARTICLE SAID KENNEDY GAVE THE SOVIET PEOPLE TO UNDERSTAND HE REGARDS THEIR APPREHENSION ABOUT THE REVIVAL OF GERMAN MILITARISM AS UNJUSTIFIED.

"WE FIND IT DIFFICULT TO AGREE WITH THIS VIEWPOINT," THE MAGAZINE SAID, AND CONCLUDED:

"WE DO NOT OVERESTIMATE THE DANGER AT ALL. WE ONLY SEE IT AND WANT TO AVERT IT IN GOOD TIME. THIS IS THE AIM OF OUR POLICY ON THE GERMAN ISSUE."

HF905PES

COPENHAGEN, DEC. 7 (AP)-AFTER THREE YEARS OF HESITATION, DENMARK

TONIGHT DECIDED TO ESTABLISH A JOINT MILITARY COMMAND WITH

NEIGHBORING WEST GERMANY.

PARLIAMENT APPROVED THE MEASURE 149-14. THE MINORITY LEFTWING

SOCIALIST PEOPLE'S PARTY CALLED THE MEASURE "A SELL-OUT TO

REVENGE-SEEKING GERMAN MILITARISTS."

THE NEW SETUP COMPRISES A BALTIC COMMAND UNDER THE NORTHERN REGION

TO WHICH DENMARK BELONGS. WEST GERMANY IS IN THE CENTRAL REGION, BUT THE NORTH GERMAN AREA, SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN, IS INCLUDED IN THE NEW COMMAND.

THE OVER-ALL COMMANDER WILL BE A DANISH OFFICER, PRESUMABLY LT. GEN. TAGE ANDERSEN, A FORMER AIR FORCE CHIEF WHO IS NOW AIR CHIEF OF THE NORTHERN REGION.

THE PROJECTED COMMAND HAS BEEN DEcried BY THE SOVIET UNION AS A PART OF WHAT IT CALLS A REVIVAL OF WEST GERMAN MILITARISM. NEGOTIATIONS FOR SUCH A PACT WERE AMONG THE "ALARMING NEWS" THE KREMLIN CITED LAST MONTH IN PRESSING A DEMAND FOR DEFENSE CONSULTATIONS BETWEEN FINLAND AND THE SOVIET UNION.

THE DEMAND WAS DROPPED, HOWEVER, AFTER FINNISH PRESIDENT URHO KEKKONEN HAD A PERSONAL TALK WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV. KEKKONEN SAID FINLAND'S CONTINUED NEUTRALITY AND INDEPENDENCE WERE ASSURED.

TA936PES

GENEVA, DEC. 7 (AP)-BRITAIN SEVERELY CRITICIZED THE SOVIET UNION TODAY FOR REFUSING TO ACCEPT INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS IN A TREATY TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS.

BRITISH DELEGATE SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT TOOK THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO TASK AT THE FIFTH SESSION OF THE RESUMED THREE-POWER NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS. THE TALKS HAVE BEEN WRECKED BY A SOVIET DEMAND FOR AN UNCONTROLLED TEST BAN AND BY SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN'S REFUSAL EVEN TO DISCUSS AN AMERICAN-BRITISH DRAFT TREATY PROVIDING FOR INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS.

SIR MICHAEL TOLD TSARAPKIN THAT REPUDIATION OF ALL TEST BAN CONTROL ARRANGEMENTS TO WHICH THE SOVIET UNION PREVIOUSLY AGREED, AND UNILATERAL RESUMPTION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS TESTS IN SIBERIA, ONLY SERVED TO INCREASE THE NEED FOR INTERNATIONAL CONTROLS. HE SAID IT WAS NOW "NO LONGER POSSIBLE TO HAVE CONFIDENCE IN THE WORD OF THE SOVIET UNION."

HE ASSERTED THE NEW SOVIET POSITION ON THE TEST BAN ISSUE WAS "A MAJOR SETBACK FOR THE WHOLE CAUSE OF DISARMAMENT," AND ACCUSED THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT OF "DEBASING THE CURRENCY OF INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS" BY GOING BACK ON PREVIOUS AGREEMENTS IN THE THREE-YEAR-OLD GENEVA PARLEY.

LK425PES

NEW YORK, DEC. 7 (AP)-THE PORT CITY OF EUREKA, CALIF., IS DESCRIBED IN ESQUIRE MAGAZINE AS "THE SAFEST PLACE IN THE UNITED STATES" IN THE EVENT OF NUCLEAR WAR.

THE ARTICLE, "NINE PLACES TO HIDE," DESCRIBED EUREKA, 283 MILES NORTH OF SAN FRANCISCO, AS "UPWIND FROM EVERY TARGET IN THE UNITED STATES."



IN NAMING OTHER PLACES TO HIDE AROUND THE WORLD, THE ARTICLE BY CAROLINE BIRD RULED OUT SUCH AREAS AS ANTARCTICA AND PACIFIC ROCK ISLANDS WHERE A PERSON COULD NOT LIVE OFF THE LAND. CORK, IRELAND, WAS NAMED AS THE SAFEST PLACE IN EUROPE-- "A GOOD 200 MILES UPWIND FROM THE MIDLANDS OF ENGLAND WHICH BRISTLE WITH MISSILE TARGETS." THE OTHER SEVEN WERE LISTED AS: GUADALAJARA, MEXICO; THE CENTRAL VALLEY OF CHILE; MENDOZA, ARGENTINA; BELO HORIZONTE, BRAZIL; TANANARIVE, MALAGASY REPUBLIC (FORMERLY MADAGASCAR); MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA, AND CHRISTCHURCH, NEW ZEALAND. THE MOST DANGEROUS PLACES, SAYS THE MAGAZINE, ARE NEW YORK, FIRST, AND MOSCOW, A CLOSE SECOND.

LU714PES

B37 (Q)

(480) --ALL POINTS)

BY JOHN GALE

LONDON, DEC. 7 (AP)--A PLAN TO RAID AND BREACH THE BARBED WIRE DEFENSES THROWN AROUND THE HUGE U.S. AIR FORCE BASE AT WETHERSFIELD, WAS OUTLINED IN DETAIL TONIGHT BY BRITAIN'S DISSIDENT GROUP OF ANTI-NUCLEAR CAMPAIGNERS.

THE ATTEMPTS WILL BE MADE SATURDAY DESPITE MASSIVE PRECAUTIONS TAKEN BY TROOPS, POLICE AND U.S. AIR FORCE AUTHORITIES.

ORGANIZERS SAID NEITHER THE THREAT OF REPULSION BY TEAR GAS, THE POSSIBILITY OF GETTING SHOT NOR YESTERDAY'S POLICE RAID ON THEIR CAMPAIGN HEADQUARTERS COULD DETER THEM. VOLUNTEERS ARE PREPARED TO FACE ARREST, JAIL--"OR WHATEVER ELSE THE AUTHORITIES HAND OUT."

THE RAID IS BEING ORGANIZED THE COMMITTEE OF 100, THE CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE GROUP HEADED BY PHILOSOPHER BERRAND RUSSELL. A SIMULTANEOUS RAID WILL BE STAGED AT THE U.S. AIR FORCE BRIZE NORTON BASE AND THERE WILL BE AN ATTEMPT TO IMMOBILIZE HEADQUARTERS OF THE U.S. 3RD AIR FORCE AT RUISLIP BY BLOCKING THE ENTRANCES WITH GANGS OF SIT DOWN DEMONSTRATORS.

THE COMMITTEE HAS CALLED FOR 50,000 VOLUNTEERS TO BACK ITS ANTI-H-BOMB PROTEST AT THE AIR BASES AND AT MASS RALLIES IN FOUR PROVINCIAL CENTERS--BRISTOL, CARDIFF, MANCHESTER AND YORK. EARL RUSSELL AT 89 WILL TAKE NO ACTIVE PART IN THE EVENTS.

"BECAUSE OF THE RIGORS OF THE JOB, WE IMPORED HIM TO STAY AWAY," SAID A SPOKESMAN.

THE COMMITTEE'S PROGRAM WAS OUTLINED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE. PINNED UP BEFORE CORRESPONDENTS WAS A MAP SHOWING THE LAY-OUT OF THE ENTIRE WETHERSFIELD BASE.

MARKED IN RED ON THE MAP WERE THE MAXIMUM SECURITY AREAS--THE AMMUNITION DUMP AND HANGARS, THE FUEL DEPOT AND THE ZONE FOR PARKED PLANES. THE SIX MILES OF PERIMETER WIRE WERE SHOWN IN YELLOW.

"WE BOUGHT THE MAP IN A SHOP AND MARKED THE ZONES IN OURSELVES," SAID IAN DIXON, 25, ONE OF THE ORGANIZERS.

UNDER QUESTIONING, HE SAID THE LOCATION OF THE H-BOMB STORE WAS NOT KNOWN.

DIXON--"I WAS A CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTOR"--SAID THE ATTEMPT TO GET INSIDE THE AIR BASE WOULD BE MADE BY "COMMANDO" GROUPS, HEADED BY LEADERS WITH MILITARY EXPERIENCE.

ONCE IN, THE COMMANDOS INTEND TO CONVERGE ON THE MAXIMUM SECURITY ZONES AND OTHERS WOULD SEAT THEMSELVES BENEATH THE WHEELS OF PARKED WARPLANES. OTHER GROUPS OUTSIDE THE BASE WOULD BLOCK ITS THREE MAIN ENTRANCES.

ASKED WHAT THE INTRUDERS WOULD DO IF SHOOTING BROKE OUT, DIXON REPLIED "I THINK IT IS UNLIKELY WE SHALL HAVE FIREARMS USED AGAINST US BUT IF FIRING DID BREAK OUT WE WOULD NOT ENDANGER LIFE UNNECESSARILY."

BRITISH POLICE HAVE WARNED THE DEMONSTRATORS THEIR LIVES MAY BE IMPERILED IF THEY CLASH INSIDE THE BASE WITH U.S. SECURITY GUARDS.

THE POLICE HAVE BEEN MASSIVELY REINFORCED TO PREVENT THE DEMONSTRATORS GETTING INSIDE. GUARD DOGS HAVE BEEN BROUGHT IN AND 2,000 TROOPS EQUIPPED WITH TEAR GAS HAVE BEEN DEPLOYED IN READINESS. AT WETHERS-

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FIELD, A 12-FOOT BARBED WIRE FENCE WAS RUSHED UP AROUND PARTS OF THE BASE AND A LARGE SCHOOL REQUISITIONED AS A COURT HOUSE. IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THIS AFTERNOON, THE COMMITTEE'S ANNOUNCE ATTEMPT TO BREAK INTO THE BASES WAS CONDEMNED BY LAWMAKERS OF ALL PARTIES.

B22WX (Q)

WITNESSES (400)

WASHINGTON, DEC. 7 (AP)--THE SUPREME COURT HEARD ARGUMENTS TODAY IN APPEALS BY SIX PERSONS WHO DECLINED TO ANSWER QUESTIONS BEFORE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES IN INVESTIGATIONS OF COMMUNISM.

THE SIX WERE CONVICTED OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS IN SEPARATE CASES BUT THE QUESTIONS PRESENTED WERE SIMILAR.

THE CONVICTIONS WERE UPHOLD BY THE COURT OF APPEALS HERE. SOME WERE QUESTIONED BY THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES AND THE OTHERS BY THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE.

NONE OF THE SIX INVOKED THE FIFTH AMENDMENT PROTECTION AGAINST SELF-INCRIMINATION, BUT EMPHASIZED FIRST AMENDMENT GUARANTEES OF FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND PRESS.

IN A CASE INVOLVING ROBERT SHELTON, NEWS EMPLOYEE OF THE NEW YORK TIMES, HIS ATTORNEY, JOSEPH L. RAUH, JR., TOLD THE COURT SHELTON HAD BEEN CALLED AS A WITNESS "BY ACCIDENT."

RAUH CONTENDED THE GOVERNMENT HAD "CONCEDED THE CASE." IN ITS ARGUMENT TO THE HIGH COURT, BY ADMITTING THAT A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE MUST HAVE REASONABLE GROUNDS FOR SUMMONING A PERSON AS A WITNESS.

BRUCE J. TERRIS, ASSISTANT TO THE U. S. SOLICITOR GENERAL, TOLD THE COURT THAT A CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE MIGHT PULL A MAN OFF THE STREET AS A WITNESS BUT THAT IT MUST HAVE "REASONABLE GROUNDS"

BEFORE ASKING IF HE WERE A COMMUNIST.

RAUH SAID THERE WAS NO REASONABLE GROUND FOR CALLING SHELTON, A POINT DISPUTED BY TERRIS WHO POINTED TO TESTIMONY BY COMMITTEE OFFICIALS THAT THE COMMITTEE HAD RECEIVED A LETTER WHICH MENTIONED A MAN NAMED SHELTON.

RAUH SAID IT IS HIS CONTENTION THAT NO LETTER EXISTS.

AT ONE POINT, CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN ASKED TERRIS A QUESTION TO THIS EFFECT: IF A COMMITTEE WERE TO PULL A MAN OFF THE STREET ASK HIM IF HE WERE A COMMUNIST AND THE MAN TRUTHFULLY SAID "NO," WOULD THE MAN BE INJURED?

TERRIS CONCEDED THE MAN WOULD BE INJURED. IN REPLY TO A QUESTION BY JUSTICE FELIX FRANKFURTER, HE SAID IT IS WITHIN THE POWER OF CONGRESS TO CAUSE INJURY FOR WHICH THERE IS NO JUDICIAL RELIEF.

SHELTON WAS SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT AND \$500 FINE.

OTHER APPEALS ON WHICH THE HIGH TRIBUNAL IS HEARING ARGUMENTS WERE FILED ON BEHALF OF:

NORTON ANTHONY RUSSELL, OF YELLOW SPRINGS, OHIO, UNDER SENTENCE OF 30 DAYS AND \$500 FINE.

ALDEN WHITMAN, A NEW YORK TIMES COPYREADER, WHO ALSO GOT SIX MONTHS AND \$500 FINE.

HERMAN LIVERIGHT, ONE-TIME PROGRAM DIRECTOR OF NEW ORLEANS TV STATION WDSU, WHO WAS SENTENCED TO THREE MONTHS AND \$500 FINE.

WILLIAM A. PRICE, FORMER REPORTER ON THE NEW YORK DAILY NEWS, WHO GOT THREE MONTHS AND \$500 FINE.

JOHN T. GOJACK, A TRADE UNIONIST OF COLUMBUS, OHIO. HIS SENTENCE WAS NINE MONTHS AND \$200 FINE.

WHITMAN'S ATTORNEY ARGUED THAT WHITMAN HAD ANSWERED QUESTIONS OF THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE PERTAINING TO HIS CONNECTION WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY FROM 1935 TO 1948 BUT HAD BALKED AT IDENTIFYING



OTHER MEMBERS, AT BEING FORCED TO BE "AN INFORMER."  
IT BECAME, SAID GERHARD P. VAN ARKEL, THE ATTORNEY, A CLASH BETWEEN AN "INQUISITION" AND "HIGH PRINCIPLES" OF A CITIZEN.

"THE PERSON OF CONSCIENCE, HIGH PRINCIPLE AND IMAGINATION. . . WILL NOT CONSENT TO YIELD HIS PERSONAL INTEGRITY TO THE TUG OF A MEDDLING OFFICIALDOM," SAID VAN ARKEL. ". . . NO PRIVATE INTEREST CAN RISE IN DIGNITY AND SELFLESSNESS ABOVE THIS

"IF THE DESIRE TO PROTECT INNOCENT PERSONS FROM UNJUSTIFIED HARM IS NOT SUFFICIENT A PRIVATE INTEREST TO WARRANT SILENCE, THEN WE SAY THAT THE FIRST AMENDMENT CAN UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES BE A SHIELD. . ."

HE SAID WHITMAN'S MEMBERSHIP IN AND ACTIVITIES FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY FROM 1935 UNTIL HE WITHDREW IN 1948 WERE CLEARLY LAWFUL.

J. WILLIAM DOOLITTLE, OF THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT, CONTENDED HOWEVER THAT WHITMAN'S REFUSAL TO ANSWER QUESTIONS MIGHT HAVE DEPRIVED THE COMMITTEE OF VITAL INFORMATION. IT WAS ESSENTIAL, HE SAID, FOR THE COMMITTEE TO LEARN OF ACTIVITIES OF THE PARTY AND ITS MEMBERS PRIOR TO 1950 AT WHICH TIME THE COMMUNISTS BEGAN "GOING MORE AND MORE UNDER-

GROUND."  
THE CONVICTION OF NORTON ANTHONY RUSSELL WAS BASED ON HIS REFUSAL TO ANSWER QUESTIONS BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES RELATING TO COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN DAYTON, OHIO.

RUSSELL'S ATTORNEY, JOSEPH A. FANELLI, CHALLENGED THE CONVICTION ON SEVERAL GROUNDS, CONTENDING AMONG OTHER THINGS THAT THE INDICTMENT AGAINST RUSSELL WAS INVALID FOR FAILING TO SPECIFY THE SUBJECT OF THE COMMITTEE INVESTIGATION.

HE ALSO CONTENDED THE INDICTMENT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISMISSED BECAUSE OF BIAS ON THE PART OF THE GRAND JURY RETURNING THE INDICTMENT. FANELLI SAID THAT OF THE 23 JURY MEMBERS, 11 WERE FEDERAL EMPLOYEES AND TWO OTHERS WERE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA EMPLOYEES.

AT THE TIME OF THE INDICTMENT, HE SAID, GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES GENERALLY WERE BIASED BECAUSE OF PRESSURE EXERTED AGAINST THEM BY OFFICIAL LOYALTY AND SECURITY PROGRAMS THEN IN FORCE.

FEDERAL EMPLOYEES IN 1954, HE SAID, WERE FEARFUL OF THEIR JOBS AS THE RESULT OF THOSE PROGRAMS AND THE PARTICULAR GRAND JURY RETURNING THE INDICTMENT "WAS NOT QUALIFIED TO PASS ON THIS CASE."

KEVIN T. MARONEY, JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ATTORNEY, CHALLENGED FANELLI'S CONTENTION, ARGUING THAT THERE IS NO LEGAL PROVISION FOR CHALLENGING A GRAND JURY ON THE QUESTION OF BIAS. BESIDES, HE SAID, A GRAND JURY IS AN ACCUSATORY BODY, NOT A TRIAL BODY. HE SAID A DEFENDANT IS ADEQUATELY PROTECTED WHEN HIS CASE COMES TO TRIAL BEFORE A PETIT JURY AT WHICH TIME HE CAN EXAMINE JURY MEMBERS AS TO POSSIBLE BIAS. "A GRAND JURY ACCUSES," HE SAID. "THE PETIT JURY DECIDES THE GUILT OR INNOCENCE."

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YONKERS, N.Y., DEC. 7 (AP)-COMMUNIST LEADER GUS HALL PAID \$25 TODAY TO SOLVE A PROBLEM WITH LOCAL LAW BEFORE GOING TO WASHINGTON TOMORROW ON A BIGGER PROBLEM WITH FEDERAL LAW.

HALL PAID FINES FOR THREE TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS IN SPECIAL SESSIONS COURT. HE DEFERRED COMMENT ON THE OTHER MATTER UNTIL HE GETS TO WASHINGTON.

5-88

HALL, GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE U.S. COMMUNIST PARTY, IS TO APPEAR IN COURT THEN ON A FEDERAL INDICTMENT THAT THE PARTY AND ITS OFFICERS FAILED TO REGISTER AS AGENTS OF THE SOVIET UNION BY A NOV. 30

DEADLINE.

AFTER TODAY'S APPEARANCE, HE LEFT FOR THE AIRPORT FOR A STUDENT RALLY AT CORNELL UNIVERSITY, ITHACA. HE HAD INDICATED EARLIER THAT HE MIGHT NOT BE ABLE TO APPEAR.

THE FINES WERE FOR DRIVING WITHOUT A PROPER LICENSE (\$10), WITHOUT PROPER CAR REGISTRATION (\$10) AND FOR MAKING AN IMPROPER RIGHT TURN (\$5).

"I'M LEFT IN POLITICS AND I GUESS I'M THE SAME IN DRIVING," HE JOKED ABOUT THE TRAFFIC OFFENSE.

THE CAR, A PINK-COLORED 1962 CONVERTIBLE, HAD BEEN IMPOUNDED BUT OWNER JOSEPH BRANDT PICKED IT UP AFTER SHOWING A NEW REGISTRATION.

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